San Dieguito Union High School District

INFORMATION REGARDING BOARD AGENDA ITEM

TO: BOARD OF TRUSTEES

DATE OF REPORT: January 5, 2017

BOARD MEETING DATE: January 19, 2017

PREPARED BY: Delores Perley, Chief Financial Officer

SUBMITTED BY: Eric R. Dill,

Interim Superintendent

SUBJECT: ACCEPTANCE OF THE 2015-16 ANNUAL

AUDIT REPORT

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The District entered into an agreement for the annual audit of all funds with Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP – Certified Public Accountants. The audit has been completed in accordance with state law. Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP now present the audit report for your review and acceptance. Copies have been forwarded to the County Superintendent and the California Department of Education within the time frame required by law.

Findings and recommendations are noted on pages 89 through 94 of the audit report. Each exception requires a response from the district (LEA's response) and is included in the audit report as the last paragraph of each exception.

The following exception was noted:

Page 91, Finding 2016-001 (30000)

The auditors discovered that a sampling of the Associated Student Body (ASB) deposits at Pacific Trails Middle School (PTMS) had inadequate backup support for the amounts collected. They also determined the point of sale system was not being fully utilized to document deposits. The District has discussed these findings and proper procedures with the school. Since PTMS was a new site in 2015-16, additional training has been provided by district staff. With the addition of students and staff in 2016-17, some of the ASB duties have been reassigned to new staff. Staff will also attend ASB training by California Association of School Business Officials (CASBO) in February. The District also performs internal audits and regularly reviews ASB transactions for compliance with sound accounting practices.

This finding had no financial impact on the General Fund. Although the deposits did lack complete backup documentation, the deposits were recorded correctly and no inappropriate use of funds was discovered by the auditors or the district.

Wilkinson, Hadley, King & Co. LLP will conduct the audit of Proposition AA funds in January according to Proposition 39 requirements. The results of that audit will be presented to the Board of Trustees and the Independent Citizens Oversight Committee.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the Board accept the 2015-16 annual audit of the San Dieguito Union High School District, as prepared by Wilkinson, Hadley, King, & Co. LLP, as shown in the attached supplement.

FUNDING SOURCE:

Not applicable.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO ENCINITAS, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2016

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co. LLP CPA's and Advisors 218 W. Douglas Ave El Cajon, CA 92020



San Dieguito Union High School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

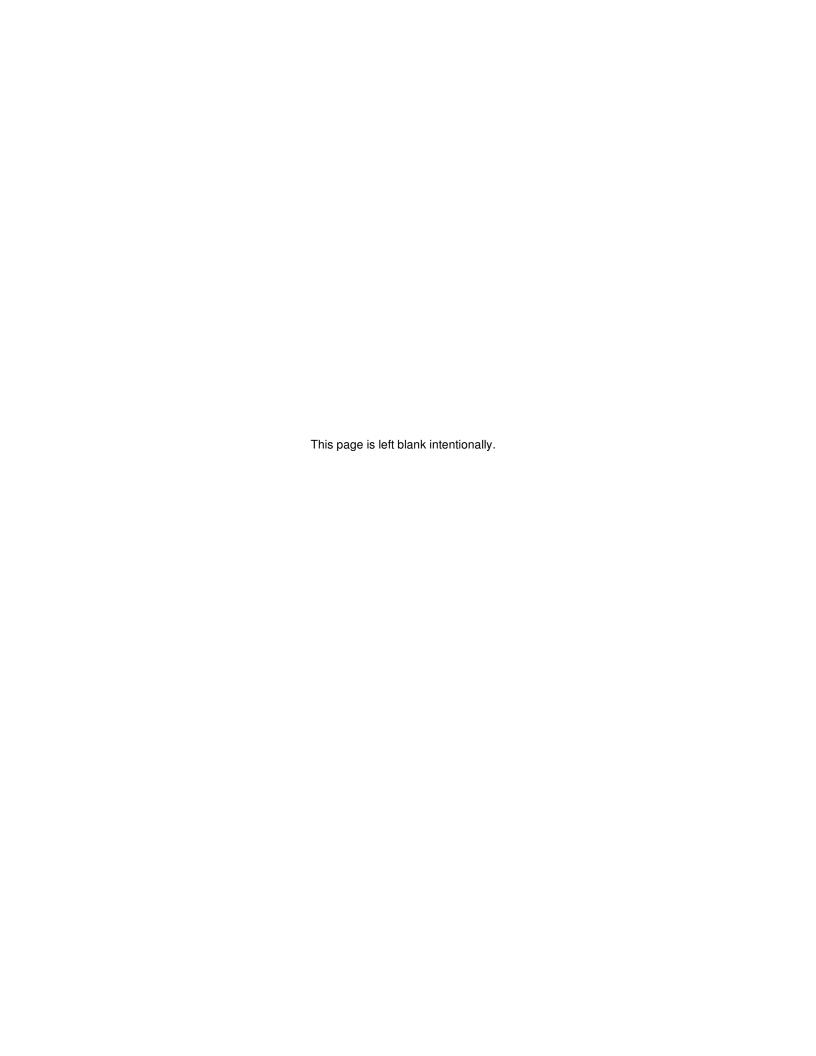
TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit/Table
FINANCIAL SECTION		
Independent Auditor's Report	1 4	
Basic Financial Statements	·	
<u>Dasie i manoiar otatements</u>		
Government-wide Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	13	Exhibit A-1
Statement of Activities	14	Exhibit A-2
Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	15	Exhibit A-3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds		
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	16	Exhibit A-4
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	17	Exhibit A-5
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	18	Exhibit A-6
Statement of Net Position - Internal Service Fund	19	Exhibit A-7
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in	. •	
Fund Net Position - Internal Service Fund	20	Exhibit A-8
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	21	Exhibit A-9
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	22	Exhibit A-10
Notes to the Financial Statements	23	EXHIBIT 71 TO
Required Supplementary Information		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules:		
General Fund	57	Exhibit B-1
Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post Employment Benefits Plan	58	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	50	Euleileia D O
Net Pension Liability - California State Teachers Retirement System	59	Exhibit B-2
Schedule of District's Contributions - California State Teachers Retirement System	60	Exhibit B-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the	0.4	E 1 11 11 B 4
Net Pension Liability - California Public Employees Retirement System	61	Exhibit B-4
Schedule of District's Contributions - California Public Employees Retirement System	62	Exhibit B-5
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	63	
Combining Statements as Supplementary Information:		
Combining Balance Sheet - All Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64	Exhibit C-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in	65	Evhibit C-2

San Dieguito Union High School District Audit Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2016

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>	Exhibit/Table
Special Revenue Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	66	Exhibit C-3
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	68	Exhibit C-4
Debt Service Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	70	Exhibit C-5
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	71	Exhibit C-6
Capital Projects Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	72	Exhibit C-7
in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	74	Exhibit C-8
OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SECTION		
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	76	
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance	77	Table D-1
Schedule of Instructional Time	78	Table D-2
Schedule of Financial Trends and AnalysisReconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report	79	Table D-3
With Audited Financial Statements	80	Table D-4
Schedule of Charter Schools	81	Table D-5
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	82	Table D-6
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	83	
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed		
in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	84	
Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over		
Compliance Required by Title 2 CFR Part 200 (Uniform Guidance)	86	
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	88	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	90	
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	93	
Corrective Action Plan	94	





P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. King, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the San Dieguito Union High School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Dieguito Union High School District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2016, San Dieguito Union High School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 72, *Fair Value*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2016, San Dieguito Union High School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2016, San Dieguito Union High School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 76, *Hierarchy of GAAP*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for OPEB benefits, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the San Dieguito Union High School District's basic financial statements. The combining financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* Subpart F -- Audit Requirements (Uniform Guidance) and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the State's audit guide, *2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* prescribed in Title 5, *California Code of Regulations,* Section 19810 and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016 on our consideration of San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

El Cajon, California December 9, 2016

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2016 (Unaudited)

This section of San Dieguito Union High School District's (District) annual financial report presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ending June 30, 2016. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the financial statements and notes to the basic financial statements included in the audit report to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; and 3) notes to the financial statements. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as a complex financial entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole district, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for 2016 are as follows:

- Total governmental fund net position is \$15,628,167, after the total net pension liability of \$102,114,490
- The state wide average for the cost of living adjustment was 1.02%

Government-wide financial statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Fund financial statements

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

• Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and the building fund, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nine governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual data for each of these non-major funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

• **Proprietary funds.** The District maintains one proprietary fund type, an internal service fund.

Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses three internal service funds to account for services provided to all the other funds of the District: Insurance premium reduction fund, other post-employment benefits fund and deductible insurance loss fund. The internal service funds have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The three internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets exceeded liabilities by \$15.6 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year, after the net pension liability of \$102.1 million.

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT 2015-16 NET POSITION

(In Millions of Dollars)

	(111 1411)	Governr Activi	nental		2015-16 % of Total	Total % Change over 14-15
		2014-15		2015-16		
Current and Other Assets		221.7		164.7	33%	-25.7%
Capital Assets		290.3		337.4	67%	16.2%
Total Assets	\$	512.0	\$	502.1		-1.9%
Deferred Outflows of Resources		6.7		13.5	3%	
Long Term Debt Outstanding		462.0		465.1	95%	0.7%
Other Liabilities		24.3		25.7	5%	5.8%
Total Liabilities	\$	486.3	\$	490.8		0.9%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		23.9		9.1	2%	
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		48.1		103.8	665%	115.8%
Restricted		187.7		129.2	828%	-31.2%
Unrestricted		-227.3		-217.4	a s	
Total Net Position	\$	8.5	\$	15.6		83.5%

Governmental activities. The key elements of the District's net position for the year ended June 30, 2016 are as follows:

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governn	nental	% of Total	% change	
Revenues	2014-2015		2015-2016	<u>2015-2016</u>	over 14-15
Program revenues					
Charges for services	2,059,	334	2,201,164	1.43%	6.9%
Operating grants and contributions	15,433,	697	16,406,855	10.62%	6.3%
Capital grants and contributions	4,	301	1,253	0.00%	-70.9%
General revenues					
Property taxes	108,377,	344	115,555,946	74.81%	6.6%
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes	7,555,	995	13,612,236	8.81%	80.2%
Interest and investment earnings	703,	330	1,217,101	0.79%	73.0%
Interagency revenues	105,	420	85,668	0.06%	-18,7%
Miscellaneous	5,589,	858	5,386,613	3.49%	-3.6%
Total revenues	\$ 139,829,2	79 \$	154,466,836	100.00%	10.5%
Expenditures by Function					
Governmental activities					
Instruction	73,977,		81,450,808	49.36%	
Instruction-related services	12,493,		14,785,937	8.96%	
Pupil Services	15,358,		17,121,377	10.38%	
General Administration	6,205,		6,604,559	4.00%	
Plant Services	18,903,		24,969,629	15.13%	
Ancillary Services	2,552,		2,757,335	1.67%	
Enterprise Activities	753,		1,208,314	0.73%	
Interest on long-term debt	11,033,		15,121,205	9.16%	
Other outgo	690,	648	1,001,947	0.61%	45.1%
Depreciation (unallocated)		=	(2)		121
	\$ 141,967,7	733 \$	165,021,111	100.00%	16.2%
Increase (decrease) in net position	\$ (2,138,4	154) \$	(10,554,275)		
Net position - beginning (restated due to accounting regulation					
changes - Note O, Net Pension Liability)	\$ 10,633,9	20 \$	26,182,442		
Net position - ending	\$ 8,495,4	166	15,628,167		

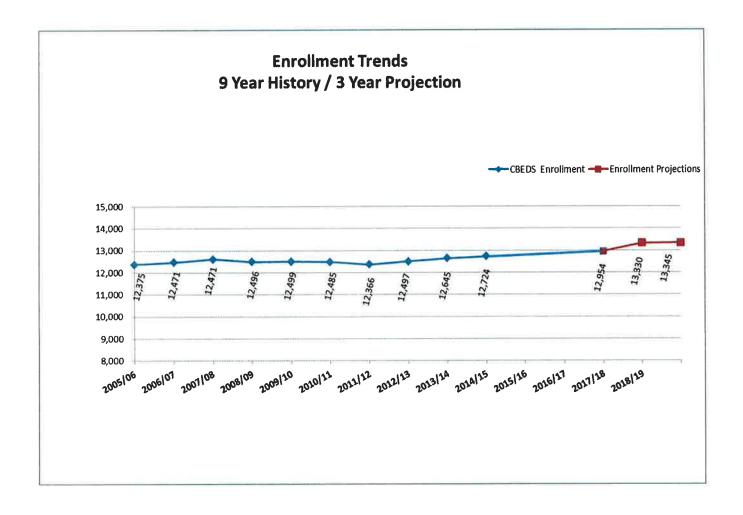
- <u>Property Tax:</u> Increase of \$7.2 Mil (6.6%) due to an increase in property taxes as well as the collection of taxes for debt service on the 2012 voter-approved General Obligation Bond.
- <u>Federal and State Aid:</u> Increase of \$6.1 Mil (+80.2%) due to an increase in one-time mandated cost reimbursement funds.
- <u>Interest and Investment Earnings:</u> Increase of \$514K (73.0%) from interest earned in the Capital Project Funds.

- The District was classified as a "Basic Aid" district, until 2014/15. This means the local property taxes collected exceed the funded Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) entitlement provided by the state. The District became a Basic Aid district in 2008/09 following state funding cuts to the revenue limit. In 2014/15, the district switched to an LCFF funded district, when the LCFF entitlement exceeded the property tax collected in the district. In 2015/16, the state funded approximately 91% of the LCFF Target.
- The District remains funded through the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) for the 2016/17 year. LCFF entitlements are based primarily on average daily attendance (ADA) and other appropriations. If a student is in attendance a full 180 days, the state awards the District one ADA. The state guarantees that if local taxes do not provide money equal to the funded LCFF it will make up the difference with state funding.

Enrollment, Enrollment Projections, and ADA

n omnent, Em omne	nt i rojections, and	ADA
CBEDS	Enrollment	P2
Enrollment	Projections	ADA
11,926		11,525
12,190		11,731
12,375		11,950
12,471		12,027
12,606		11,882
12,496		12,150
12,499		11,989
12,485		12,019
12,366		11,832
12,497		12,034
12,645		12,119
12,724		12,210
	12,954	
	13,330	
	13,345	
	CBEDS Enrollment 11,926 12,190 12,375 12,471 12,606 12,496 12,499 12,485 12,366 12,497 12,645	Enrollment Projections 11,926 12,190 12,375 12,471 12,606 12,496 12,499 12,485 12,366 12,497 12,645 12,724 12,954 13,330

^{*}estimated



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$154.8 million; a decrease of \$55.1 million over the previous year due primarily to the depletion of general obligation bond funds, as scheduled, on voter authorized projects. A third issuance of general obligation bonds is scheduled in early 2016-17. The general fund had a fund balance increase of approximately \$4.3 million due to additional property tax, other revenue received at the end of the fiscal year and unspent grants that will carry-over to 2016-17. In addition, the following expenditures should be noted:

• General fund salaries totaled \$79.1 million while the associated employee benefits of retirement, social security, Medicare, insurance (medical, dental, life, and accident), workers' compensation, and unemployment added \$25.3 million to arrive at 84% of total general fund expenditures.

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets and liabilities as fund balance, which is divided into non-spendable, restricted, designated, assigned and unassigned portions. Non-spendable amounts represent items such as inventory and revolving cash. Restricted fund balances are those associated with restricted funding sources. Designated and assigned portions of the District's fund balances indicate the amounts that are not available for appropriation, but are reserved for District determined purposes. Fund balances of debt service, capital projects, and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion. The \$25.7 million fund balance of the general fund is primarily designated for the following purposes:

Reserve for economic uncertainty. As required by state law, the District has established an unassigned reserve within the unrestricted general fund. This reserve is required to be at least 3% of general fund expenditures set aside for contingencies or possible reductions in state funding and is not to be used in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries.

In addition, the District's Board of Trustees requires a minimum reserve of 4.5%, as well as a Basic Aid Reserve. As of June 2016, the \$16.9 million held in reserve meets the combined 7.5% requirement. The maintenance of a sufficient reserve is a key credit consideration in garnering excellent short-term and long-term bond ratings.

Non-Spendable reserve for revolving cash fund. The District maintains a \$30,000 revolving cash fund for expediting emergency and small purchase reimbursement to employees. In addition, the District maintains a Purchasing Card fund to provide a timely alternative for needed purchases. The cash fund to cover the card purchases is \$145,000; increasing the total reserve for revolving funds to \$175,000.

Non-Spendable reserve for stores inventories. Two departments, purchasing and nutrition services maintain perpetual inventories to expedite and reduce cost through volume purchasing. The total valuation as of June 30, 2016 was \$43,116.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Board revised the District's budget. Budget amendments were to reflect changes in programs and related funding. The most significant differences may be summarized as follows:

- The difference between the original budget and the actual expenditures was an increase of \$10.5 million or 8.0% in total general fund expenditures. This increase was in several categories, but most of the increase was in salaries and benefits due to the approval of new bargaining unit contracts which included a salary schedule increase.
- During the year, actual revenue received exceeded original budgetary estimates by \$8.6 million, or 6%, to account for carryover balances, increases in LCFF funding, as well as increases in federal and state revenues and local donations.
- Variances primarily result from expenditure-driven federal and state grants that are included in the budgets at their full amounts.

Such grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met; unspent grant amounts are carried forward and included in the succeeding year's budget. Therefore, actual grant revenues and expenditures are normally less than the original budget amounts.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: The State School Facilities Fund (Fund 35-00) is used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

The Capital Facilities Fund 25-18 consists of school facilities impact fees that assure school facilities and services will be available to meet the needs of residents of new developments. Capital Facilities Fund 25-19 contains fees imposed and collected on new residential and commercial/industrial development within the District to fund additional school facilities required to serve additional grade 7-12 students generated by the new development. The fees are used for construction and/or acquisition of additional school facilities, remodeling existing school facilities to add additional classrooms and technology, and acquiring and installing additional portable classrooms to accommodate an increase in student population.

The Building Fund – Proposition 39 (Fund 21-39) was established by the board on February 7, 2013. On November 6, 2012, the voters of the San Dieguito Union High School District community voted to approve Proposition AA to authorize the District to issue up to \$449 million of general obligation bonds to finance certain specified capital projects and facilities. In April 2013, the district issued the first series of those bonds, in the amount of \$160 million to fund projects. The second series of those bonds were issued in April 2015, in the amount of \$117 million. The district website provides ongoing updates on Proposition AA Bond projects.

The completed capital projects in 2015-2016 included the following: completion of Pacific Trails Middle School, opened Fall, 2015; field improvements for La Costa Canyon High School, Canyon Crest Academy, and La Costa Valley sites; interim housing for Earl Warren Middle School; and network infrastructure improvements throughout the District. Capital funds were used for many other projects throughout the district, to be completed in 2016-2017 or subsequent years.

Capital assets at June 30, 2015 and 2016 are outlined below:

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	Total Change
Land	\$ 54,522,725	\$ 66,592,151	\$ 12,069,426
Improvement of Sites	42,898,945	68,774,434	25,875,489
Buildings	187,663,812	230,101,477	42,437,665
Equipment	18,007,395	20,082,660	2,075,265
Work in Progress	87,336,486	66,187,607	(21,148,879)
Accumulated depreciation	(100,114,281)	(114,291,143)	(14,176,862)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 290,315,082	\$ 337,447,186	\$ 47,132,104

Debt Administration: In August 2006, the District issued through the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority the 2006 Revenue Refunding Bonds (the "Original Bonds") to prepay and annul the outstanding 1998 and 2004 Revenue Bonds.

In connection with a conversion of interest on the Original Bonds from an auction rate to a long term rate on May 18, 2008, the Authority completed a remarketing of Series 2006A and 2006B bonds, and a third series of remarketed Original Bonds, 2006C, for the purpose of providing funds, along with other monies available to the Authority, to purchase the outstanding Original Bonds, pursuant to the provisions of the Indenture. The outstanding Original Bonds were required to be tendered in connection with the conversion of interest on the Original Bonds from an auction rate to a long term rate.

The 2006 Bonds have been remarketed in the aggregate principal amount of \$89,130,000, and will mature on August 1, 2041, subject to redemption prior to maturity.

Interest on the bonds is payable semiannually each February 1 and August 1, and bear rates of 4% - 7%.

The 2006 Bonds are insured by a financial guaranty insurance policy by Ambac Assurance Corporation.

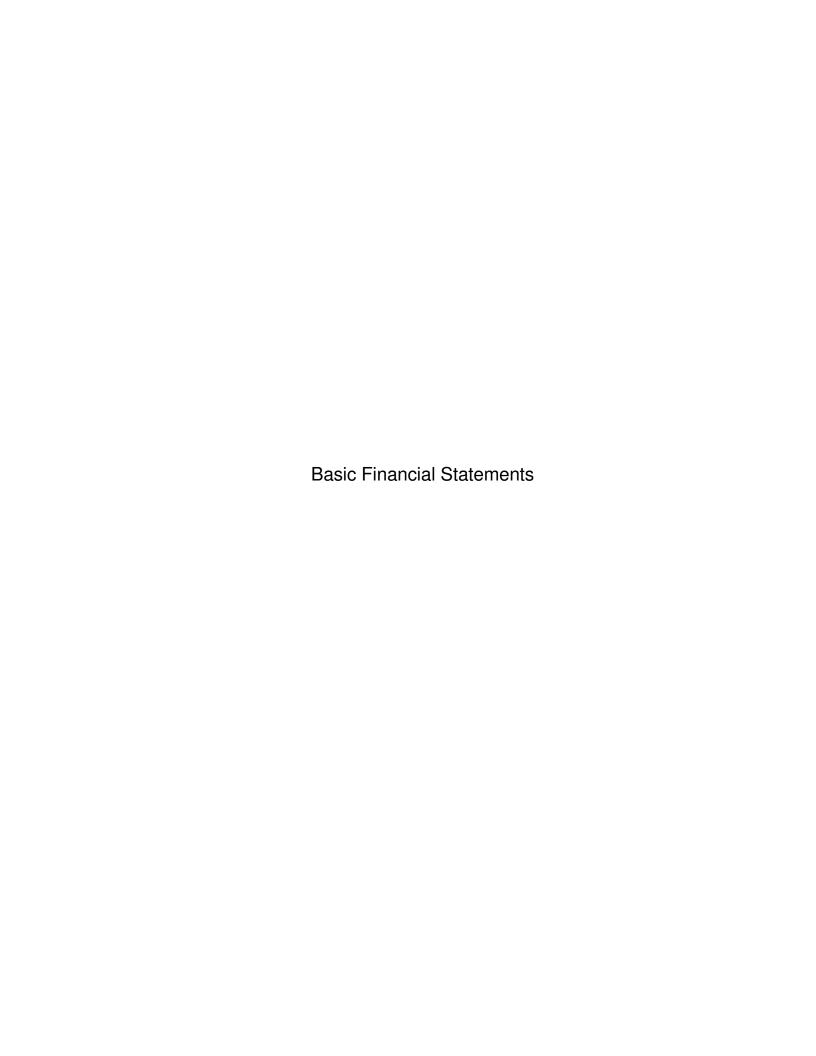
The Series 2006A bonds are rated AAA (A underlying) by Standard & Poor's and Aaa (A3 underlying) by Moody's. The Series 2006B subordinate bonds are rated AAA (A- underlying). The Series 2006C super subordinate bonds are non-rated. The San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority assumes all debt service responsibility for the revenue bonds consistent with California law.

The San Dieguito Union High School District is not obligated for any debt repayment in the event of default.

On November 6, 2012, the voters of the San Dieguito Union High School District community voted to approve Proposition AA to authorize the District to issue up to \$449 million of general obligation bonds to finance certain specified capital projects and facilities. In April 2013, the district issued the first series of those bonds, in the amount of \$160 million to fund projects. The second series of those bonds were issued in April 2015, in the amount of \$117 million. The District currently has \$274.0 million outstanding in general obligation bonds, as of June 30, 2016. The district plans to issue a third series of bonds in early 2016-2017.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the San Dieguito Union High School District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of the Associate Superintendent of Business Services, San Dieguito Union High School District, 710 Encinitas Blvd., Encinitas, CA 92024.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS:	
Cash	\$ 159,177,875
Receivables	5,126,169
Stores	43,116
Prepaid Expenses	349,156
Capital Assets:	
Land	66,592,151
Improvements	68,774,434
Buildings	230,101,477
Equipment	20,082,660
Work in Progress	66,187,607
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(114,291,143)
Total Assets	502,143,502
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,466,274
LIABILITIES:	
Accounts Payable	13,689,030
Unearned Revenue	961,046
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	11,077,371
Due in More Than One Year	465,130,201
Total Liabilities	490,857,648
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	9,123,961
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	103,845,663
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	106,486,488
Debt Service	19,556,450
Educational Programs	2,289,704
Other Purposes (expendable)	253,636
Other Purposes (nonexpendable)	567,584
Unrestricted	(217,371,358)
Total Net Position	\$ 15,628,167

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			_		F	Program Revenues	3		_	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions		Expenses		Charges for Services	_	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities:										
Instruction	\$	81,450,808	\$	277,509	\$	11,995,536	\$	1,253	\$	(69,176,510)
Instruction-Related Services:										
Instructional Supervision and Administration		4,349,242		4,799		1,772,955		-		(2,571,488)
Instructional Library, Media and Technology		1,184,362		-		10,641		-		(1,173,721)
School Site Administration		9,252,333		18,891		411,451		-		(8,821,991)
Pupil Services:										
Home-to-School Transportation		5,154,520		-		4,648		-		(5,149,872)
Food Services		2,696,532		1,802,169		441,791		-		(452,572)
All Other Pupil Services		9,270,325		2,017		1,135,415		-		(8,132,893)
General Administration:										
Centralized Data Processing		1,374,189		-		-		-		(1,374,189)
All Other General Administration		5,230,370		89,984		319,640		-		(4,820,746)
Plant Services		24,969,629		3,173		13,144		-		(24,953,312)
Ancillary Services		2,757,335		-		25,039		-		(2,732,296)
Enterprise Activities		1,208,314		-		-				(1,208,314)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		15,121,205		-		-		-		(15,121,205)
Other Outgo	_	1,001,947	_	2,622	_	276,595	_	-	_	(722,730)
Total Expenses	\$	165,021,111	\$	2,201,164	\$_	16,406,855	\$_	1,253	\$_	(146,411,839)
General Revenues: Taxes and Subventions: Taxes Levied for General Purposes Taxes Levied for Debt Service Taxes Levied for Other Specific Purposes Federal and State Aid Not Restricted to Specific Programs Interest and Investment Earnings Interagency Revenues Miscellaneous									93,665,578 13,253,233 8,637,135 13,612,236 1,217,101 85,668 5,386,613	
		Total Gener	al Re	venues					\$_	135,857,564
		Chanç	ge in N	Net Position						(10,554,275)
		osition Beginning	g-Res	tated (Note O)					_	26,182,442
	Net P	osition Ending							\$	15,628,167

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

ACCETO	_	General Fund		Building Fund	Other Governmental Funds		_	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury	\$	27,421,136	\$	99,212,064	\$	16,013,448	\$	142,646,648
Cash on Hand and in Banks	Ψ	241	Ψ	-	Ψ	8,705,935	Ψ	8,706,176
Cash in Revolving Fund		175,312		_		-		175,312
Cash with a Fiscal Agent/Trustee		-		_		7,127,237		7,127,237
Accounts Receivable		4,321,407		153,402		630,623		5,105,432
Due from Other Funds		1,033,507		-		2,259		1,035,766
Stores Inventories		16		-		43,100		43,116
Prepaid Expenditures		5,174		-		343,982		349,156
Total Assets	_	32,956,793		99,365,466		32,866,584		165,188,843
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:	_		_		_		_	
Accounts Payable	\$	3,281,323	\$	4,040,172	\$	392,569	\$	7,714,064
Due to Other Funds	,	678,572	•	770,413	•	241,017	•	1,690,002
Unearned Revenue		856,824		-		104,223		961,047
Total Liabilities		4,816,719		4,810,585		737,809		10,365,113
Fund Balance:								
Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
Revolving Cash		175,312		-		-		175,312
Stores Inventories		16		-		43,100		43,116
Prepaid Items		5,174		-		343,982		349,156
Restricted Fund Balances		2,289,704		-		147,804		2,437,508
Assigned Fund Balances		6,292,031		94,554,881		30,006,673		130,853,585
Unassigned: Reserve for Economic Uncertainty		16,898,265		_		_		16,898,265
Other Unassigned		2,479,572		_		_		2,479,572
Unassigned, reported in nonmajor:		_,,						_,,
Debt Service Funds		_		-		1,587,216		1,587,216
Total Fund Balance		28,140,074	_	94,554,881	_	32,128,775	_	154,823,730
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	32,956,793	\$_	99,365,466	\$_	32,866,584	\$_	165,188,843

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Fund balances, governmental funds

\$ 154,823,730

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.

Capital assets relating to governmental activities, at historical cost: 451,738,329 Accumulated depreciation: (114,291,143)

Net:

337,447,186

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(5,964,966)

Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

General obligation bonds payable	274,037,050
State school building loans payable	1,516,523
Compensated absences payable	1,549,348
Lease revenue bonds payable	12,456,712
Net pension liability	102,114,490
Other general long-term debt	73,950,908

Total:

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions
Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions

13,466,274 (9,123,961)

(465,625,031)

Internal service funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets and liabilities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds are:

(9,395,065)

Total net position, governmental activities

15,628,167

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General Fund		Building Fund		Other Governmental Funds	_	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: LCFF Sources:								
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$	811,386	\$	_	\$	_	\$	811,386
Education Protection Account Funds	Ψ	2,443,494	Ψ	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	2,443,494
Local Sources		93,665,578		-		_		93,665,578
Federal Revenue		4,432,599		_		492,122		4,924,721
Other State Revenue		16,257,334		9,377		196,022		16,462,733
Other Local Revenue		9,643,955		1,128,480		25,386,493		36,158,928
Total Revenues	_	127,254,346	_	1,137,857		26,074,637	_	154,466,840
Expenditures:								
Instruction		74,205,409		-		258,371		74,463,780
Instruction - Related Services		13,495,915		-		275,799		13,771,714
Pupil Services		13,386,094		-		2,568,744		15,954,838
Ancillary Services		2,692,285		-		-		2,692,285
General Administration		5,847,097		-		221,043		6,068,140
Plant Services		11,573,679		59,950,976		2,227,533		73,752,188
Other Outgo Debt Service:		927,214		74,733		-		1,001,947
Principal		765,585		-		7,908,040		8,673,625
Interest		822,221		-		13,081,539		13,903,760
Total Expenditures	_	123,715,499		60,025,709		26,541,069		210,282,277
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	3,538,847	_	(58,887,852)		(466,432)	_	(55,815,437)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		765,589		-		5,735,524		6,501,113
Transfers Out		(30,000)		(765,589)		(5,735,524)		(6,531,113)
Other Sources				-		777,308		777,308
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	735,589	_	(765,589)		777,308	_	747,308
Net Change in Fund Balance		4,274,436		(59,653,441)		310,876		(55,068,129)
Fund Balance, July 1	_	23,865,638	_	154,208,322		31,817,899	_	209,891,859
Fund Balance, June 30	\$_	28,140,074	\$_	94,554,881	\$	32,128,775	\$_	154,823,730

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total change in fund balances, governmental funds

\$ (55,068,129)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense:

61,308,966 (14,176,862)

Net:

47,132,104

Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

8,673,625

Debt proceeds: In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(777,308)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

(1,760,902)

Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:

(286,758)

Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was:

(7,832,045)

Amortization of debt issue premium or discount: In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized as interest over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

543,452

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

(1,178,314)

Change in net position of governmental activities

(10,554,275)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2016

33, 23, 3	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund		
	Self-Insurance Fund		
ASSETS:			
Current Assets: Cash in County Treasury Accounts Receivable	\$ 522,502 20,738		
Due from Other Funds	699,236		
Total Current Assets	1,242,476		
Total Assets	1,242,476		
LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities:			
Accounts Payable	\$ 10,000		
Due to Other Funds	45,000		
Total Current Liabilities	55,000		
Noncurrent Liabilities: Other Postemployment Benefits	10,582,541		
Total Noncurrent Liablities	10,582,541		
Total Liabilities	10,637,541		
NET POSITION:			
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,395,065)		
Total Net Position	\$ (9,395,065)		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund	
	Self-Insurance Fund	
Operating Revenues:		
Local Revenue	\$ 869,014	
Total Revenues	869,014	
Operating Expenses: Services and Other Operating Expenses Total Expenses	2,077,327 2,077,327	
Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	(1,208,313)	
Interfund Transfers In Change in Net Position	30,000 (1,178,313)	
Total Net Position - Beginning	(8,216,752)	
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ (9,395,065)	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Nonmajor Internal Service Fund
	Self-Insurance Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	Fund
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 866,576
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(1,079,192)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(212,616)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Interest and Dividends on Investments	3,558
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	3,558
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(209,058)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	731,560
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$522,502
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash	
Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (1,178,314)
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	4.400
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables	1,122
Decrease (Increase) in Due From Other Funds	(521,178)
Increase (Decrease) in Payables Increase (Decrease) in Due to Other Funds	10,000 45,000
Increase (Decrease) in Net OPEB Obligation	1,434,312
Total Adjustments	969,256
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ (209,058)
	, , ,

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		Agency Fund
ACCETC	_	Student Body Fund
ASSETS: Cash on Hand and in Banks Total Assets	\$	1,706,892 1,706,892
LIABILITIES: Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	\$	1,706,892 1,706,892
NET POSITION: Total Net Position	\$	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

San Dieguito Union High School District (District) accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's "California School Accounting Manual". The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

Reporting Entity

The District's combined financial statements include the accounts of all its operations. The District evaluated whether any other entity should be included in these financial statements. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in its name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

The District also evaluated each legally separate, tax-exempt organization whose resources are used principally to provide support to the District to determine if its omission from the reporting entity would result in financial statements which are misleading or incomplete. GASB Statement No. 14 requires inclusion of such an organization as a component unit when: 1) The economic resources received or held by the organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents; and 2) The District or its component units is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization; and 3) Such economic resources are significant to the District.

Based on these criteria, the District has one component unit, the San Dieguito Public Facilities Financing Authority. This component unit is shown as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements. Additionally, the District is not a component unit of any other reporting entity as defined by the GASB Statement.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Building Fund. This fund accounts for the acquisition of major governmental capital facilities and buildings from the sale of bond proceeds.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Capital Projects Funds: These funds account for the acquisition and/or construction of all major governmental general fixed assets.

Debt Service Funds. These funds account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

Under GASB Statement No. 20, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting," all proprietary funds will continue to follow Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") standards issued on or before November 30, 1989. However, from that date forward, proprietary funds will have the option of either 1) choosing not to apply future FASB standards (including amendments of earlier pronouncements), or 2) continuing to follow new FASB pronouncements unless they conflict with GASB guidance. The District has chosen not to apply future FASB standards.

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

4. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board and district superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures.

Formal budgetary integration was used as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

5. Revenues and Expenses

a. Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 60 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California districts and so as to not distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, including property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

b. Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

6. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity

a. Deposits and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institutions is fully insured or collateralized. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all its cash in the San Diego County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds, except for the Tax Override Funds, in which interest earned is credited to the general fund. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California Government Code Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Information regarding the amount of dollars invested in derivatives with San Diego County Treasury was not available.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

b. Stores Inventories and Prepaid Expenditures

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased. These inventories are immaterial and have been omitted from these statements.

The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure when incurred.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5.000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-15
Office Equipment	5-15
Computer Equipment	5-15

d. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

d. Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are recognized as liabilities of the District. The current portion of the liabilities is recognized in the general fund at year end.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

e. <u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Property Taxes

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of San Diego bills and collects the taxes for the District.

h. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's . Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the . Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the or by an official or body to which the delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

When an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

i. Minimum Fund Balance

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce the service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenses. The District minimum fund balance policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts equal to 4.5% of general fund operating expenses and other financing uses. This reserve may be increased from time to time in order to address specific anticipated revenue shortfalls.

7. Deferred Inflows and Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources is a consumption of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred inflows of resources is an acquisition of net assets or net position that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement numbers 63 and 65.

8. GASB 54 Fund Presentation

Consistent with fund reporting requirements established by GASB Statement No. 54, Fund 17 (Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay) is merged with the General Fund for purposes of presentation in the audit report.

9. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan (CalPERS Plan) and CalSTRS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (CalSTRS Plan), and additions to/deductions from the CalPERS Plan and CalSTRS Plan's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the CalPERS Financial Office and CalSTRS Financial Office. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames. For this report, the following time frames are used:

Valuation Date (VD) June 30, 2014

Measurement Date (MD) June 30, 2015

Measurement Period (MP) July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015

10. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

11. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. The hierarchy is detailed as follows:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that

a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 Inputs: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for

an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

For the current fiscal year the District did not have any recurring or nonrecurring fair value measurements.

12. Change in Accounting Policies

In February 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 72 Fair Value Measurement and Application. This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The definition of fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. This Statement provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for financial reporting purposes. This Statement also provides guidance for applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements. The District has implemented the guidance under GASB Statement No. 72 into their accounting policies affective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 76 The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The objective of this Statement is to identify - in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment - the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This Statement reduces the GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. This Statement supersedes Statement No. 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments. The District has implemented the guidance under GASB Statement No. 76 into their accounting policies effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

In June 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 73 Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about pensions included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governments for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, as well as for assets accumulated for purposes of providing those pensions. In addition, it establishes requirements for defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of Statement 68. It also amends certain provisions of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement 68 for pension plans and pensions that are within their respective scopes.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The requirements of this Statement extend the approach to accounting and financial reporting established in Statement 68 to all pensions, with modifications as necessary to reflect that for accounting and financial reporting purposes, any assets accumulated for pensions that are provided through pension plans that are not administered through trusts that meet the criteria specified in Statement 68 should not be considered pension plan assets. It also requires that information similar to that required by Statement 68 be included in notes to financial statements and required supplementary information by all similarly situated employers and nonemployer contributing entities.

This Statement also clarifies the application of certain provisions of Statement 67 and 68 with regard to the following issues:

- 1. Information that is required to be presented as notes to the 10-year schedules of required supplementary information about investment-related factors that significantly affect trends in the amounts reported.
- 2. Accounting and financial reporting for separately financed specific liabilities of individual employers and nonemployer contributing entities for defined benefit pensions.
- 3. Timing of employer recognition of revenue for the support of nonemployer contributing entities not in a special funding situation.

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 73 effective for the year ending June 30, 2016.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations.

<u>Violation</u>

None reported

Action Taken

Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

 $\begin{tabular}{lll} Eund Name & Deficit \\ \hline Fund Name & Amount \\ Self Insurance Fund & $9,395,065$ \\ \end{tabular}$

Remarks

Consistent with the requirements in GASB Statement No. 45 the district has recorded the liability for Other Post Employment Benefits; however, the district has elected not to fund the liability at this time as a result of the volatile economy and state budget.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Cash and Investments

Cash in County Treasury:

In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the San Diego County Treasury as part of the common investment pool (\$143,169,150 as of June 30, 2016). The fair value of the District's portion of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$143,169,150. Assumptions made in determining the fair value of the pooled investment portfolios are available from the County Treasurer.

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investments in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements as amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis

The San Diego County Treasury is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company; however, the County Treasury acts in accordance with investment policies monitored by a Treasury Oversight Committee consisting of members appointed by participants in the investment pool and up to five members of the public having expertise, or an academic background in, public finance. In addition, the County Treasury is audited annually by an independent auditor.

2. Cash on Hand, in Banks, and in Revolving Fund

Cash balances on hand and in banks (\$10,413,068 as of June 30, 2016) and in the revolving fund (\$175,312) are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation. All cash held by the financial institution is fully insured or collateralized.

3. Investments:

The District's investments at June 30, 2016 are shown below.

	Amount	Fair
Investment or Investment Type	Reported	Value
Money Market Funds	\$ 6,372,736 \$	6,372,736
US Treasury Bond	754,501	754,501
Total Investments	\$ 7,127,237 \$	7,127,237

4. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the District's Investment Policy

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the District by the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy, where more restrictive). The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the District's investment policy where more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the District, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the District's investment policy.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
71	·		
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 Years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 Years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 Days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 Days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 Years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 Year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 Days	20% of Base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 Years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 Years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

5. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. The San Diego County Investment Pool is rated AAAf/S1 by Standard & Poors. At year end the District was not exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The California Government Code and the District's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank balances (including revolving cash) of \$10,588,380 was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government Code. Investments in any one issuer that represent five percent or more of the total investments are either an external investment pool and are therefore exempt. As such, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the county pool.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

6. <u>Investment Accounting Policy</u>

The District is required by GASB Statement No. 31 to disclose its policy for determining which investments, if any, are reported at amortized cost. The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

The District's investments in external investment pools are reported in conformity with GASB Statement No. 77 unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

D. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2016 consisted of:

		Major Governmental Funds					
		General Fund	Building Fund	_ 	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Federal Government: Federal programs	\$	1,840,515 \$	-	\$	146,150	\$ 1,986,665 \$	-
State Government:							
Special education		68,081	-		-	68,081	-
Lottery		1,390,750	-		-	1,390,750	-
Other state programs		306,383	-		2,560	308,943	-
Local Sources:							
ROP funding		34,162	-		-	34,162	-
Interest		56,613	153,320)	3,652	213,585	780
Other local sources		624,903	82	2	478,261	1,103,246	19,958
Totals	\$_	4,321,407 \$	153,402	2 \$	630,623	\$ 5,105,432 \$	20,738

All accounts are considered to be collectible. As such, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been established.

E. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

Beginning			Ending
Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
\$ 54,522,725 \$	12,069,426 \$	- \$	66,592,151
87,336,486	-	21,148,879	66,187,607
141,859,211	12,069,426	21,148,879	132,779,758
			_
187,663,812	42,437,665	-	230,101,477
42,898,945	25,875,489	-	68,774,434
18,007,395	2,075,265	-	20,082,660
248,570,152	70,388,419	-	318,958,571
(69,411,495)	(9,386,887)	-	(78,798,382)
(18,619,158)	(3,806,763)	-	(22,425,921)
(12,083,628)	(983,212)	-	(13,066,840)
(100,114,281)	(14,176,862)	-	(114,291,143)
148,455,871	56,211,557	-	204,667,428
\$ 290,315,082 \$	68,280,983 \$	21,148,879 \$	337,447,186
	Balances 54,522,725 \$ 87,336,486 141,859,211 187,663,812 42,898,945 18,007,395 248,570,152 (69,411,495) (18,619,158) (12,083,628) (100,114,281) 148,455,871	Balances Increases 54,522,725 \$ 12,069,426 \$ 87,336,486	Balances Increases Decreases \$ 54,522,725 \$ 12,069,426 \$ - \$ 87,336,486

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,928,820
Instruction-Related Services	763
Pupil Services	238,583
Ancillary Services	1,455
General Administration	165,230
Plant Services	11,842,011
	\$ 14,176,862

F. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Building Fund	\$ 765,589	Solar debt payments
General Fund	Cafeteria Fund	118,492	Indirect cost reimbursement
General Fund	Adult Education Fund	104,425	Indirect cost reimbursement
General Fund	Self Insurance Fund	45,000	Health and welfare benefits
Cafeteria Fund	General Fund	2,260	Expense reimbursement
Self Insurance Fund	General Fund	676,312	OPEB contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Adult Education Fund	1,864	OPEB contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Cafeteria Fund	14,466	OPEB contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	1,770	OPEB contribution
Self Insurance Fund	Building Fund	4,824	OPEB contribution
	Total	\$ 1,735,002	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
General Fund	Self Insurance Fund	\$	30,000	Insurance reimbursement
Building Fund	General Fund		765,589	Prop 39 debt service
Component Units Fund (49)	Component Units Fund (52)		5,735,524	Debt service
	Total	\$_	6,531,113	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

G. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2016 consisted of:

		Major Governr				
	-	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Vendor payables	\$	1,584,927 \$	4,032,973	\$ 39,856	\$ 5,657,756 \$	10,000
Payroll and related benefits		372,926	294	342,254	715,474	-
Pension related benefits		779,010	6,905	10,459	496,374	-
LCFF state aid		544,460	-	-	544,460	-
Totals	\$	3,281,323	4,040,172	\$ 392,569	\$ 7,714,064 \$	10,000

H. Short-Term Debt Activity

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. The proceeds from loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources.

In September 2015, the District entered into the County of San Diego and San Diego County School Districts 2015 Pooled Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) in the amount of \$11,875,000. The notes matured on June 30, 2016 and bore an interest rate of 2.00%. The notes were sold to supplement the District's cash flows.

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Balance
<u>Description</u>				
Tax anticipation notes	\$ -	\$ 11,875,000 \$	11,875,000	-

I. <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments received subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date are recorded as deferred inflows of resources.

A summary of the deferred inflows of resources as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Issue Date	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2015		Additions	Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2016
Pension related Total Deferred Inflo	06/30/2015 ows of Resources	Varies	\$_ \$_	5,773,873 5,773,873	: —	5,991,945 5,991,945		·

Future amortization of deferred inflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension
June 30	Related
2017	\$ 2,641,857
2018	2,641,857
2019	2,641,857
2020	1,198,390
Total	\$ 9,123,961

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

J. <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 68 & 71, payments made subsequent to the net pension liability measurement date are recorded as deferred outflows of resources.

A summary of the deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2016 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Issue Date	Amortization Term		Balance July 1, 2015	_	Additions	Current Year Amortization	Balance June 30, 2016
Pension related Total Deferred Ou	06/30/2015 tflows of Resources	Varies	\$_ \$_	6,803,699 6,803,699	· -	14,674,247 14,674,247	8,011,672 8,011,672	-,,

Future amortization of deferred outflows of resources is as follows:

Year Ending	Pension
June 30	Related
2017	\$ 9,842,355
2018	1,207,973
2019	1,207,973
2020	1,207,973
Toital	\$ 13,466,274

K. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2016, are as follows:

		.			.	Amounts
		Beginning			Ending	Due Within
		Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:						
General obligation bonds	\$	266,795,000 \$	-	\$ 5,535,000 \$	261,260,000 \$	7,010,000
Unamortized discount		(686,770)	-	(28,615)	(658,155)	-
Unamortized premium		14,011,023	-	575,818	13,435,205	-
Special tax bonds		77,270,000	-	2,135,000	75,135,000	2,215,000
Unamortized discount		(1,229,634)	-	(45,542)	(1,184,092)	-
Lease revenue bonds		12,730,000	-	-	12,730,000	-
Unamortized discount		(300,617)	-	(27,329)	(273,288)	-
Net pension liability		90,969,958	40,571,398	29,426,866	102,114,490	-
Net OPEB obligation		9,148,229	3,060,356	1,626,044	10,582,541	-
Compensated absences		1,262,590	286,758	-	1,549,348	1,549,348
State loan payable		1,811,960	-	295,437	1,516,523	303,023
Total governmental activities	\$_	471,781,739 \$	43,918,512	\$ 39,492,679 \$	476,207,572 \$	11,077,371

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated absences	Governmental	General

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt, net of unamortized discount, unamortized premium, net pension liability, and net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities					
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total	
2017	\$ 11,077,371	\$	14,826,194	\$	25,903,565	
2018	6,115,805		14,652,982		20,768,787	
2019	5,748,786		14,435,128		20,183,914	
2020	4,136,973		14,236,419		18,373,392	
2021	4,591,936		14,056,829		18,648,765	
2022-2026	31,215,000		66,490,287		97,705,287	
2027-2031	75,300,000		52,685,756		127,985,756	
2032-2036	97,725,000		34,542,787		132,267,787	
2037-2041	115,765,000		11,195,763		126,960,763	
2042-2046	515,000		12,875		527,875	
Totals	\$ 352,190,871	\$	237,135,020	\$	589,325,891	

3. General Obligation Bonds

General obligation bonds at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	_	Date of Issue	Interest Rate		Maturity Date	Amount of Original Issue	_
2012 Series A-1 Taxable 2012 Series A-2 Tax-Exempt		4/10/2013 4/10/2013	0.46% 1.00-5.00%		8/1/2014 \$ 8/1/2038	2,320,000 157,680,000	
2012 Series B-1 Taxable 2012 Series B-2 Tax-Exempt		4/15/2015 4/15/2015	0.60% 3.00-4.50%		8/1/2016 \$ 8/1/2040	110,030,000	0
Total GO Bonds					\$	277,040,000	<u>0</u>
	_	Beginning Balance	Increases	_	Decreases	Ending Balance	_
2012 Series A-2 Tax-Exempt 2012 Series B-1 Taxable 2012 Series B-2 Tax-Exempt Unamortized Discount Unamortized Premium Total GO Bonds	\$ 	149,755,000 \$ 7,010,000 110,030,000 (686,770) 14,011,023 280,119,253 \$	- - - -	\$ - \$	5,535,000 \$ (28,615) 575,818 - 6,082,203 \$	7,010,000 110,030,000 (658,159 13,435,209	0 0 5) 5

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$_	7,010,000 \$	10,404,480 \$	17,414,480
2018		3,500,000	10,330,950	13,830,950
2019		3,035,000	10,217,750	13,252,750
2020		1,320,000	10,130,650	11,450,650
2021		1,745,000	10,069,350	11,814,350
2022-2026		16,480,000	48,501,050	64,981,050
2027-2031		44,065,000	41,955,725	86,020,725
2032-2036		77,445,000	29,679,787	107,124,787
2037-2041		106,660,000	10,130,588	116,790,588
Totals	\$_	261,260,000 \$	181,420,330 \$	442,680,330

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

4. 2015 General Obligation Bonds

In April 2015, the District issued \$7,010,000 taxable, 2012 Election, Series B-1, General Obligation Bonds and \$110,030,000 tax-exempt, 2012 Election, Series B-2, General Obligation Bonds. The issue consisted of \$61,050,000 of current interest bonds with interest rates ranging from .60% to 4.50% with annual maturities from August 2016 through August 2036 and \$55,990,000 in a term bond with an interest rate of 4.00% with an annual maturity date of February 1, 2040. Interest on the bonds accrues from the date of delivery and is payable semiannually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2016. The bonds were authorized at an election of the registered voters held on November 6, 2012 at which 55% or more of the persons voting on the proposition voted to authorize the issuance and sale of the bonds in order to finance specific construction, acquisition and modernization projects approved by the voters including lease payments with respect to such facilities in addition to purchasing the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority's interest in and pay and prepay lease payments due on the Torrey Pines High School Projects.

5. Special Tax Bonds

Special tax bonds at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	_	Date of Issue	Interest Rate		Maturity Date	_	Amount of Original Issue
2008 Special Tax Bonds		05/13/2008	4.00-5.00%		08/01/2041	\$	89,130,000
	_	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases	_	Ending Balance
2008 Special Tax Bonds Unamortized Discount Total Special Tax Bonds	\$ \$	77,270,000 \$ (1,229,634) 76,040,366 \$	- - -	\$ \$_	2,135,000 (45,542) 2,089,458	_	75,135,000 (1,184,092) 73,950,908

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$	2,215,000 \$	3,558,524	5,773,524
2018		2,305,000	3,466,624	5,771,624
2019		2,395,000	3,369,951	5,764,951
2020		2,490,000	3,266,529	5,756,529
2021		2,590,000	3,156,636	5,746,636
2022-2026		14,735,000	13,878,084	28,613,084
2027-2031		18,505,000	9,907,800	28,412,800
2032-2036		20,280,000	4,863,000	25,143,000
2037-2041		9,105,000	1,065,175	10,170,175
2042-2046		515,000	12,875	527,875
Totals	\$_	75,135,000 \$	46,545,198	121,680,198

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

6. Lease Revenue Bonds

Lease revenue bonds at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

-	Date of Issue	Interest Rate		Maturity Date		Amount of Original Issue
Lease Revenue Series 2010A	05/10/2010	6.46%		05/01/2027	\$ ₌	13,015,000
-	Beginning Balance	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Lease Revenue Series 2010A \$	12,730,000 \$	-	\$	- (07.000)	\$	12,730,000
Unamortized Discount Total Lease Revenue Bonds \$_i	(300,617) 12,429,383 \$	-	\$_	(27,329) (27,329)		(273,288) 12,456,712

The annual requirements to amortize the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ -	\$ 822,231	822,231
2018	-	822,231	822,231
2019	-	822,231	822,231
2020	-	822,231	822,231
2021	-	822,231	822,231
2022-2026	-	4,111,153	4,111,153
2027-2031	12,730,000	822,231	13,552,231
Totals	\$ 12,730,000	\$ 9,044,539	\$ 21,774,539

In May 2010, the District entered into a facility lease agreement with the San Dieguito Public Facilities Authority to execute and deliver Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2010A (Qualified School Construction Bonds - Direct Subsidy) in the amount of \$13,015,000 with an interest rate of 6.46% for various capital projects and public school improvements. Through the facility lease, the District is obligated to make semi-annual base revenue payments to a principal account beginning April 2011 and continuing through April 2027. An annual base rental deposit to the principal account of \$2,005,030 is due in 2011 with remaining base rental deposits of \$1,606,227 due annually thereafter through April 2027. Interest on the lease revenue bonds is to be paid annually from the principal account beginning May 2011 with the remaining principal balance of \$12,730,000 on the bonds due at the maturity date of May 1, 2027. Interest is subsidized by the Internal Revenue Service annually.

7. Bond Premium

Bond premium arises when the market rate of interest is higher than the stated interest rate on the bond. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the premium increase the face value of the bond and then amortize the premium over the life of the bond.

The following bonds were issued at a premium resulting in an effective interest rate as follows:

		2013	2015
		Series A	Series A
Total Interest Payments on Bond	\$	113,607,493 \$	88,265,753
Less Bond Premium		(8,336,717)	(6,379,386)
Net Interest Payments		105,270,776	81,886,367
Par amount of Bonds	\$	160,000,000 \$	117,040,000
Periods	•	25	25
Effective Interest Rate		2.630%	2.790%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

8. Bond Discount

Bond discount arises when the market rate of interest is lower than the stated interest rate on the debt. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) require that the discount decrease the face value of the debt and then amortize the discount over the life of the debt.

Discounts issued on the debt resulted in an effective interest rate as follows:

	_	2013 Series A Bonds	2010 Series A Bonds	2008 Special Tax Bonds
Total Interest Payments on Bond	\$	113,607,493 \$	14,269,845 \$	76,647,411
Add Discount	_	744,000	437,262	1,548,428
Net Interest Payments	_	114,351,493	14,707,107	78,195,839
Par amount of Bonds	\$	160,000,000 \$	13,015,000 \$	89,130,000
Periods		25	17	34
Effective Interest Rate		2.850%	6.640%	2.580%

9. State School Building Loan

Effective December 10, 2008 the district entered into a loan agreement with the California Office of School Construction for a loan of \$3,000,000 bearing an interest rate of 2.568%. The loan is to be repaid in ten equal annual installments commencing July 1, 2011. The loan was made as a part of the Career Technical Education Facilities Program in accordance with School Facility Program Regulation Section 1859.194. Future payment requirements are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 303,023 \$	40,959 \$	343,982
2018	310,805	33,177	343,982
2019	318,786	25,196	343,982
2020	326,973	17,009	343,982
2021	256,936	8,612	265,548
Totals	\$ 1,516,523 \$	124,953 \$	1,641,476

L. Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District participates in one joint powers agreement (JPA) entity, the San Diego County Schools Risk Management (SDCSRM). The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District.

The JPA arranges for and provides for various types of insurances for its member districts as requested. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of the JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionate to their participation in the JPA.

Financial information on the District's share of the SDCSRM JPA for the year ended June 30, 2016 was not available at the time this report was issued. The information can be obtained by contacting the JPA directly.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

M. Pension Plans

1. General Information About the Pension Plans

a. Plan Descriptions

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and Local Government resolution. Support by the State for the CalSTRS plan is such that the plan has a special funding situation as defined by GASB Statement No. 68. CalSTRS and CalPERS issue publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on their respective websites.

b. Benefits Provided

CalSTRS and CalPERS provide service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 62 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2013 are eligible to retire at age 60 for normal benefits or at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. All members are eligible for death benefits after one year of total service.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	50-62	55-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.4%	1.0 - 2.4%*
Required employee contribution rates (at June 30, 2015)	8.150%	8.150%
Required employer contribution rates (at June 30, 2015)	8.880%	8.880%
Required state contribution rates (at June 30, 2016)	5.679%	5.679%
Required employee contribution rates (at June 30, 2016)	9.200%	8.560%**
Required employer contribution rates	10.73%	10.73%
Required state contribution rates	7.126%	7.126%

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

^{**}The rate imposed on CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is based on the normal cost of benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	CalPERS	
	Before	On or After
Hire Date	Jan. 1, 2013	Jan. 1, 2013
Benefit Formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit Vesting Schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit Payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement Age	50-62	52-67
Monthly benefits, as a % of eligible compensation	1.1 - 2.5%	1.0 - 2.5%*
Required employee contribution rates (at June 30, 2015)	7.000%	6.000%
Required employer contribution rates (at June 30, 2015)	11.771%	11.771%
Required employee contribution rates (at June 30, 2016)	7.000%	6.000%
Required employer contribution rates (at June 30, 2016)	11.847%	11.847%

^{*}Amounts are limited to 120% of Social Security Wage Base.

c. Contributions - CalPERS

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. The CalPERS Board retains the authority to amend contribution rates. The total plan contributions are determined through CalPERS' annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (measurement date), the average active employee contribution rate is 6.974% of annual pay, and the employer's contribution rate is 11.771% of annual payroll. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016, the average active employee contribution rate is 11.847%.

d. Contributions - CalSTRS

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (measurement date), Section 22950 of the California Education code requires members to contribute monthly to the system 8.15% of the creditable compensation upon which members' contributions under this part are based. In addition the employer required rates established by the CalSTRS Board have been established at 8.88% of creditable compensation. Rates are defined in Section 22950.5 through measurement period ending June 30, 2021. Beginning in the fiscal year 2021-22 and for each fiscal year thereafter, the CalSTRS Board has the authority to increase or decrease percentages paid specific to reflect the contribution required to eliminate by June 30, 2046, the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation with respect to service credited to members before July 1, 2014, as determined by the Board based upon a recommendation from its actuary. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 required employee rate is 9.20% if the employee started before January 1, 2013 and 8.56% if the employee started on or after January 1, 2013. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 the required employer contribution rate is 10.730%.

e. On Behalf Payments

Consistent with Section 22955.1 of the California Education Code, the State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of employees working for the District. For the measurement period ended June 30, 2015 (measurement date) the State contributed 5.678848% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 the State contribution rate was 7.126% of salaries creditable to CalSTRS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

f. Contributions Recognized

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the contributions recognized as part of pension expense for each Plan were as follows:

	CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Contributions - Employer	\$ 4,883,343 \$	1,140,144 \$	6,023,487
Contributions - Employee	4,908,890	1,894,809	6,803,699
Contributions - State On Behalf Payments	3,075,827	-	3,075,827
Total Pension Expense	\$ 12,868,060 \$	3,034,953 \$	15,903,013

g. Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2016, pension expense consisted of:

		CalSTRS	CalPERS	Total
Change in Net Pension Liability	\$	6,558,715 \$	4,585,817 \$	11,144,532
Change in Contributions Made Subsequent to				
Measurement Date		(1,537,131)	(293,550)	(1,830,681)
Change in Difference Between Actual & Expected Experience		(15,693)	(1,311,916)	(1,327,609)
Change in Assumptions		-	1,410,424	1,410,424
Changes in Proportionate Shares		3,102,929	254,288	3,357,217
Net Difference Between Projected & Actual Earnings		21,373	(4,943,211)	(4,921,838)
Total Pension Expense	\$_	8,130,193 \$	(298,148)\$	7,832,045

2. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2016, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of each plan as follows:

	Proportionate
	Share of Net
	Pension Liability
CalSTRS	\$ 80,778,045
CalPERS	21,336,445
Total Net Pension Liability	\$ 102,114,490

The District's net pension liability for each Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of each of the Plans is measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability for each Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013 rolled forward to June 30, 2014 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plans relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. Although a valid comparison of the District's proportion at June 30, 2014 to its proportion at June 30, 2013 is not available in the first year of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, that disclosure will be available in subsequent years.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan as of June 30, 2014 and 2015 was as follows:

District's	State's	Total for	
Proportionate	Proportionate	District	
Share	Share	Employees	CalPERS
0.1263%	0.0804%	0.2067%	0.1476%
0.1196%	0.0750%	0.1946%	0.1448%
-0.0067%	-0.0054%	-0.0121%	-0.0028%
	Proportionate Share 0.1263% 0.1196%	Proportionate Proportionate Share Share 0.1263% 0.0804% 0.1196% 0.0750%	District's State's Total for Proportionate Proportionate District Share Share Employees 0.1263% 0.0804% 0.2067% 0.1196% 0.0750% 0.1946%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$7,832,045.

At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$_	8,634,380 \$	-
Differences between actual and expected experience		1,327,609	-
Changes in assumptions		-	(1,410,424)
Change in employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's			
proportionate share of contributions		-	(3,357,217)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings			
on plan investments	_	3,504,285	(4,356,320)
Total	\$_	13,466,274 \$_	(9,123,961)

\$8,624,380 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Deferred		Deferred	Net Effect
June 30		Outflows		Inflows	on Expenses
2017	\$	1,207,973	₿	(2,641,857) \$	(1,433,884)
2018		1,207,973		(2,641,857)	(1,433,884)
2019		1,207,973		(2,641,857)	(1,433,884)
2020		1,207,975		(1,198,390)	9,585
Total	\$_	4,831,894	\$ <u></u>	(9,123,961)\$	(4,292,067)

a. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

	CalSTRS		CalPERS
Valuation Date	June 30, 2014		June 30, 2014
Measurement Date	June 30, 2015		June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age - Normal Cost Method for both CalSTRS & CalPER		
Actuarial Assumptions:			
Discount Rate	7.60%		7.65%
Inflation	3.00%		2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.75%		3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	0.05%-5.6%	(1)	3.20%-10.80% (1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.6%	(2)	7.65% (2)
Mortality	.013%-0.435%	(3)	0.00125-0.45905 (3)

- (1) Depending on age, service and type of employment
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) Industry standard published by the Society of Actuaries

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

b. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60% for CalSTRS and 7.65% for CalPERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members, employers, and state contributing agencies will be made at statutory contribution rates. To determine whether the District bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalSTRS and CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.60% and 7.65% discount rates are adequate and the use of the District bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long-term expected discount rate of 7.60% and 7.65% will be applied to all plans in the CalSTRS and CalPERS retirement funds. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained from the CalPERS and CalSTRS websites.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB Statement No. 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. The investment return assumption used in the accounting valuations is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher Total Pension Liability and Net Pension Liability. CalSTRS and CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

CalSTRS and CalPERS are scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of their regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalSTRS and CalPERS expect to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and GASB 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalSTRS and CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as they have changed their methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalSTRS and CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<u>CalSTRS</u>

		Long Term
	Allocation	Expected
Asset Class	06/30/15	Return*
Global Equity	57.40%	4.50%
Private Equity	10.10%	6.20%
Real Estate	12.70%	4.35%
Inflation Sensitive	0.80%	3.20%
Fixed Income	15.70%	0.20%
Absolute Return	1.50%	-
Liquidity	1.80%	-

^{*10} year geometric average used for long term expected real rate of return

CalPERS

	Strategic	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Years 1-10)(1)	(Years 11+)(2)
Global Equity	53.80%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	17.60%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	5.20%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	9.60%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10.50%	4.50%	5.13%
Absolute Return	0.40%	-	-
Plan Level	0.40%	-	-
Liquidity	2.50%	-0.55%	-1.05%

- (1) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period
- (2) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

The following represents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for each Plan, calculated using the discount rate for each Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	_	CalSTRS	CalPERS		
1% Decrease Net Pension Liability	\$	6.60% 121,602,085	\$	6.65% 34,726,846	
Current Discount Rate Net Pension Liability	\$	7.60% 80,778,045	\$	7.65% 21,336,445	
1% Increase Net Pension Liability	\$	8.60% 46,405,549	\$	8.65% 10,201,437	

c. Sensitivity to Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

d. Total Pension Liability, Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position and Net Pension Liability

CalSTRS

			Inci	rease (Decrease)	
		Total	Plan	Net	State's Share	District's Share
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension	of Net Pension	of Net Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability	Liability	Liability
		(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)	(c)	(a) - (b) - (c)
Balance at June 30, 2015	_					
(Previously Reported)	\$	514,513,866 \$	393,721,385 \$	120,792,481	47,009,542 \$	73,782,939
Adjustment for CalSTRS	•	, , ,	, , ,	, ,	, , ,	
Audit Adjustments		-	(315,035)	315,035	(121,356)	436,391
Balance at June 30, 2015			(,)	,	(,,	,
(As Adjusted)	_	514,513,866	393,406,350	121,107,516	46,888,186	74,219,330
Changes for the year:						
Change in proportionate						
share		(30,188,590)	(23,101,211)	(7,087,379)	(3,208,717)	(3,878,661)
Service cost		10,810,743	-	10,810,743	4,164,452	6,646,291
Interest		36,105,859	_	36,105,859	13,908,491	22,197,368
Differences between		00,100,000		00,100,000	10,000,101	22,107,000
expected and actual						
experience		(2,552,861)	_	(2,552,861)	(983,398)	(1,569,463)
Contributions:		(=,00=,00.)		(=,00=,00.)	(000,000)	(1,000,100)
Employer		-	4,908,890	(4,908,890)	(2,007,134)	(2,901,756)
Employee		-	4,883,343	(4,883,343)	(1,881,133)	(3,002,210)
State On Behalf		-	3,075,827	(3,075,827)	(1,068,693)	(2,007,134)
Net investment income		-	14,810,570	(14,810,570)	(5,705,243)	(9,105,328)
Other income		-	7,657	(7,657)	(2,949)	(4,707)
Benefit payments, including			,	(, ,	() /	(, - ,
refunds of employee						
contributions		(24,447,916)	(24,447,916)	-	-	-
Administrative expenses		-	(299,804)	299,804	115,489	184,315
Net Changes	_	(10,272,764)	(20,162,644)	9,889,980	3,331,165	6,558,715
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$	504,241,102 \$	37,243,706 \$	130,997,396 \$	5 50,219,350 \$	80,778,045

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CalPERS

<u> </u>		Inc	rease (Decrease)	
	_	Total	Plan	Net
		Pension	Fiduciary	Pension
		Liability	Net Position	Liability
	_	(a)	(b)	(a) - (b)
Balance at June 30, 2015 (Previously Reported)	\$	100,766,692 \$	84,016,064 \$	16,750,628
Changes for the year:				
Adjustment for Change in Proportionate Share		(1,912,147)	(1,594,287)	(317,860)
Service cost		2,352,196	-	2,352,196
Interest		7,458,325	-	7,458,325
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		1,639,895	-	1,639,895
Changes in assumptions		(1,763,030)	-	(1,763,030)
Contributions - Employer		-	1,894,809	(1,894,809)
Contributions - Employee		-	1,140,144	(1,140,144)
Net plan to plan resource movement		-	(187)	187
Net investment income		-	1,841,764	(1,841,764)
Benefit payments, including refunds				
of employee contributions		(4,826,119)	(4,826,119)	-
Administrative expenses	_	<u> </u>	(92,821)	92,821
Net Changes		2,949,120	(1,636,697)	4,585,817
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$_	103,715,812 \$	82,379,367 \$	21,336,445

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS and CalPERS financial reports.

N. Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension Benefits

Plan Description

The San Dieguito Union School District (District) administers a single-employer healthcare plan (Plan). The plan provides medical benefits to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to age 65. Eligibility for retiree health benefits requires retirement from the District with at least 10 years of eligible service. The District's contribution for medical coverage is 100% of the cost for retiree only medical coverage up to a maximum based on the highest employee only medical premium in effect in the year of retirement. The retiree is responsible for any cost above the maximum or for cost associated with the election of dependent medical coverage and/or dental coverage. Membership of the plan consists of approximately 824 eligible active employees and 78 eligible retirees. The District does not provide any retiree health benefits beyond age 65 or after a period of 10 years, if earlier.

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and amended by the District and the Teachers Association (SDFA) and the local California School Employees Association (CSEA). The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015-16, the District contributed \$1,010,285 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual other post employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Districts annual OPEB cost of the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the District's net obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 3,007,662
Interest on net OPEB obligation	52,694
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(615,759)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	2,444,597
Contribution made	(1,010,285)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,434,312
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	9,148,229
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 10,582,541

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2015, and 2016 are as follows:

Year Ended	Annual OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
June 30,	Cost	Contributed		Obligation
2014	\$ 1,936,682	\$ 40.06%	\$_	8,084,913
2015	1,802,625	41.01%		9,148,229
2016	2,444,597	58.67%		10,582,541

Funding Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the Plan as understood by the employer and the Plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and Plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, the actuarial cost method used was Projected Unit Credit with service prorate. Under this method, the Actuarial Accrued Liability is the present value of projected benefits multiplied by the ratio of benefit service as of the valuation date to the projected benefit service at retirement, termination, disability or death. The Normal Cost for a plan year is the expected increase in the Accrued Liability during the plan year. All employees eligible as of the measurement date in accordance with the provisions of the Plan listed in the data provided by the Employer were included in the valuation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Medical cost trend rates ranged from an initial rate of 7.0% reduced to a rate of 5.0% after six years. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method with the remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 of 22 years. The actuarial value of assets was not determined in this actuarial valuation; however, any assets of the plan to be determined will be on a market basis.

O. Adjustment to Beginning Net Position

With the implementation of GASB Statement No 68 & 71 the District relied upon information provided by CalSTRS and CalPERS in order to calculate their proportion of the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources - pension related, and deferred inflows of resources - pension related. Proportionate share was determined based on the calculated proportionate share provided by CalSTRS and CalPERS. During the current year the district calculated proportionate share by taking contributions to the CalSTRS and CalPERS plans and dividing by plan total contributions. The result was a small change to proportionate share based on rounding variances in the proportionate share. Additionally, CalSTRS auditors made audit adjustments to CalSTRS records which affected beginning net position for the District and is also being adjusted.

Net Position, Beginning (As Originally Stated)	\$	8,495,471
Adjustments for:		
Net Pension Liability Corrections		(560,439)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension Related Corrections		124,466
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pension Related Corrections	_	18,122,944
Net Position, Beginning (As Restated)	\$	26,182,442

P. Components of Ending Fund Balance

As of June 30, 2016 ending fund balance consisted of the following:

		Major Governme	ental Funds					
		General Fund	Building Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total ernmental Funds	Self Insurance Fund
Nonspendable Fund Balances								
Revolving Cash	\$	175,312 \$	-	\$	-	\$	175,312 \$	-
Stores Inventories		16	-		43,100		43,116	-
Prepaid Items		5,174	-		343,982		349,156	-
Restricted Fund Balances								
Capital Projects			-		18,933		18,933	-
Child Nutrition Program			-		128,871		128,871	-
Educational Programs		2,289,704	-		-		2,289,704	-
Committed Fund Balances								
Deferred Maintenance			-		3,179		3,179	-
Assigned Fund Balances								
Capital Projects			94,554,881		17,648,198	11	2,203,079	-
Pupil Transportation Equipm	ent		-		121,586		121,586	-
Debt Service			-		13,820,926	1	3,820,926	-
Educational Programs		6,292,031	-		-		6,292,031	-
Unassigned Fund Balances								
For Economic Uncertainty		19,377,837	-		-	1	9,377,837	-
Unappropriated			-		-		-	(9,395,065)
Total Fund Balance	\$	28,140,074 \$	94,554,881	\$	32,128,775	\$ 15	\$4,823,730 \$	(9,395,065)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Q. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2016 the District had the following commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects:

			Expected	
			Date of Final	Percentage
Construction in Process:		Commitment	Completion	Complete
Canyon Crest Academy Building B	$\$^-$	12,522,578	08/21/2017	4%
Earl Warren Middle School New Campus		41,960,350	08/21/2017	38%
La Costa Canyon High School Phase 2 HVAC		1,712,150	11/28/2016	15%
Oak Crest Middle School Drainage and Media Center Improvements	s	4,906,091	12/02/2016	76%
San Dieguito Academy Math and Science Building		18,884,112	08/21/2017	28%
TPHS Building B - Phase1		21,341,908	01/06/2017	64%

^{*} Expected date of final completion subject to change

R. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending will not have a material effect on the financial statements.

State and Federal Allowances, Awards, and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

S. Subsequent Events

Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes

In August 2016, the District entered into the County of San Diego and San Diego County School Districts 2016 Pooled Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes (TRANS) in the amount of \$9,590,000. The notes mature on June 30, 2017 and bear an interest rate of 3.00%. The notes were sold to supplement the District's cash flows.

2015 General Obligation Bonds

In July 2016 the District issued \$62,000,000 2012 Election, Series C-1 and Series C-2, General Obligation Bonds in order to finance the repair and renovation of school facilities, increase student access to technology, improve energy efficiency, and reduce overall borrowing costs for the District.

New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 74

In June 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for all postemployment benefits (pensions and OPEB) with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and interperiod equity, and creating additional transparency.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No. 25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures.

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 74 effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 77

In August 2015, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures. Financial statements prepared by state and local governments in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles provide citizens and taxpayers, legislative and oversight bodies, municipal bond analysts, and others with information they need to evaluate the financial health of governments, make decisions, and assess accountability. This information is intended, among other things, to assist these users of financial statements in assessing (1) whether a government's current-year revenues were sufficient to pay for current-year services (known as interperiod equity), (2) whether a government complied with finance-related legal and contractual obligations, (3) where a government's financial resources come from and how it uses them, and (4) a government's financial position and economic condition and how they have changed over time.

Financial statement users need information about certain limitations on a government's ability to raise resources. This includes limitations on revenue-raising capacity resulting from government programs that use tax abatements to induce behavior by individuals and entities that is beneficial to the government or its citizens. Tax abatements are widely used by state and local governments, particularly to encourage economic development. For financial reporting purposes, this Statement defines a tax abatement as resulting from an agreement between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forgo tax revenues and the individual or entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the government or its citizens.

Although many governments offer tax abatements and provide information to the public about them, they do not always provide the information necessary to assess how tax abatements affect their financial position and results of operations, including their ability to raise resources in the future. This Statement requires disclosure of tax abatement information about (1) a reporting government's own tax abatement agreements and (2) those that are entered into by other governments and that reduce the reporting government's tax revenues.

This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose the following information about the agreements:

Brief descriptive information, such as the tax being abated, the authority under which tax abatements are provided, eligibility criteria, the mechanism by which taxes are abated, provisions for recapturing abated taxes, and the types of commitments made by tax abatement recipients.

The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period.

Commitments made by a government, other than to abate taxes, as a part of a tax abatement agreement.

Governments should organize those disclosures by major tax abatement program and may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements within those programs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Tax abatement agreements of other governments should be organized by the government that entered into the tax abatement agreement and the specific tax being abated. Governments may disclose information for individual tax abatement agreements of other governments within the specific tax being abated. For those tax abatement agreements, a reporting government should disclose:

The names of the governments that entered into the agreements

The specific taxes being abated

The gross dollar amount of taxes abated during the period

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 77 effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 78

In December 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 78 Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans. The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions.

Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement.

This Statement amends the scope and applicability of Statement 68 to exclude pensions provided to employees of state or local governmental employers through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that (1) is not a state or local governmental pension plan, (2) is used to provide defined benefit pensions both to employees of state or local governmental employers and to employees of employers that are not state or local governmental employers, and (3) has no predominant state or local governmental employer (either individually or collectively with other state or local governmental employers that provide pensions through the pension plan). This Statement establishes requirements for recognition and measurement of pension expense, expenditures, and liabilities; note disclosures; and required supplementary information for pensions that have the characteristics described above.

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 78 effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 79

In December 2015 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 79 Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain external investment pools and pool participants. Specifically, it establishes criteria for an external investment pool to qualify for making the election to measure all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. An external investment pool qualifies for that reporting if it meets all of the applicable criteria established in this Statement. The specific criteria address (1) how the external investment pool transacts with participants; (2) requirements for portfolio maturity, quality, diversification, and liquidity; and (3) calculation and requirements of a shadow price. Significant noncompliance prevents the external investment pool from measuring all of its investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. Professional judgment is required to determine if instances of noncompliance with the criteria established by this Statement during the reporting period, individually or in the aggregate, were significant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria established by this Statement, that pool should apply the provisions in paragraph 16 of Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools, as amended. If an external investment pool meets the criteria in this Statement and measures all of its investments at amortized cost, the pool's participants also should measure their investments in that external investment pool at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes. If an external investment pool does not meet the criteria in this Statement, the pool's participants should measure their investments in that pool at fair value, as provided in paragraph 11 of Statement 31, as amended.

This Statement establishes additional note disclosure requirements for qualifying external investment pools that measure all of their investments at amortized cost for financial reporting purposes and for governments that participate in those pools. Those disclosures for both the qualifying external investment pools and their participants include information about any limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals.

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 79 effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

GASB Statement No. 80

In January 2016 the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 80 Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. This Statement amends the blending requirements established in paragraph 53 of Statement No. 14. The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended.

This Statement amends the blending requirements for the financial statement presentation of component units of all state and local governments. The additional criterion requires blending of a component unit incorporated as a not-for-profit corporation in which the primary government is the sole corporate member. The additional criterion does not apply to component units included in the financial reporting entity pursuant to the provisions of Statement No. 39, Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units.

The District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 80 effective for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

Required Supplementary Information			
Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	by the	• Governm	ıental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Revenues: LCFF Sources:	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
State Apportionment or State Aid	\$ 3,169,516	\$ 811,386	\$ 811,386	\$ -
Education Protection Account Funds	2,410,200	2,443,494	2,443,494	-
Local Sources	90,275,708	93,649,556	93,665,578	16,022
Federal Revenue	4,186,807	4,531,311	4,432,599	(98,712)
Other State Revenue	11,639,094	17,724,419	16,257,334	(1,467,085)
Other Local Revenue	6,984,790	8,591,824	9,629,735	1,037,911
Total Revenues	118,666,115	127,751,990	127,240,126	(511,864)
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated Salaries	52,905,537	59,918,150	60,281,440	(363,290)
Classified Salaries	17,181,422	19,189,046	18,777,917	411,129
Employee Benefits	24,725,267	26,477,393	25,228,363	1,249,030
Books And Supplies	3,057,707	6,807,559	4,339,746	2,467,813
Services And Other Operating Expenditures	13,142,438	14,124,566	12,912,232	1,212,334
Other Outgo	760,000	747,802	695,266	52,536
Direct Support/Indirect Costs	(156,000)	(160,308)	(133,692)	(26,616)
Capital Outlay	20,600	47,200	26,421	20,779
Debt Service:				
Principal	765,588	765,588	765,585	3
Interest	840,936	840,936	822,221	18,715
Total Expenditures	113,243,495	128,757,932	123,715,499	5,042,433
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	F 422 620	(1.005.042)	2 524 627	4 520 560
Over (Onder) Experialtures	5,422,620	(1,005,942)	3,524,627	4,530,569
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers In	(765,589)	765,589	765,589	
Transfers Out	, , ,	•		-
	(530,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,295,589)	735,589	735,589	
Net Change in Fund Balance	4,127,031	(270,353)	4,260,216	4,530,569
Fund Balance, July 1	21,400,286	21,400,286	21,400,286	-
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 25,527,317	\$ 21,129,933	\$ 25,660,502	\$ 4,530,569
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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS-OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 cturial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
6/30/09	\$ -	\$ 13,005,147	\$	13,005,147	-	\$ 71,991,005	18.1%
6/30/11	-	15,210,567		15,210,567	-	60,639,000	25.1%
6/30/13	-	16,153,467		16,153,467	-	51,334,000	31.5%
6/30/15	-	26,746,596		26,746,596	-	51,854,000	51.6%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CALSTRS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year									
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.01196%	0.01263%	N/A							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 8	80,778,045	74,219,330	N/A							
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$5	50,219,350 \$_	46,888,186	N/A							
Total share of net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	\$ <u>13</u>	30,997,395_\$_	121,107,516	N/A							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6	60,074,753	55,280,293	N/A							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		134.46%	134.26%	N/A							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ge	74.02%	76.52%	N/A							

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 was the first year of implementation and as such years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule:

- 1) Benefit changes: In 2015 and 2016 there were no changes to the benefits.
- 2) Changes in assumptions: In 2015, there were no changes to assumptions. In 2016 the discount rate was changed from 7.5% to 7.65% to correct for an adjustment to exclude administrative expenses.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA STATE TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CALSTRS)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year									
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,446,021	4,908,890	N/A							
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(6,446,021)	(4,908,890)	N/A							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		N/A							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 60,074,753	55,280,293	N/A							
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.73%	8.88%	N/A							

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 fiscal year was the first year of implementation and as such years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2015 (the measurement dates), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 and June 30, 2014 total pension liability. The June 30, 2014 and the June 30, 2015 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Actuarial Assumptions	Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68						
Valuation Date	06/30/14	06/30/15					
Experience Study	07/01/96 -	07/01/97					
	06/30/10	06/30/11					
Discount Rate	7.50%	7.65%					
Inflation	2.75%	2.75%					
Wage Growth (Average)	3.00%	3.00%					
Post Retirement Increase	2.00% Simple	2.00-2.75%					

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2013 and 2014 experience study reports available on the CalPERS website.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies for periods noted above, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Studies can be found at CalPERS' website.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CALPERS) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Fiscal Year									
		2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.01448%	0.1476%	N/A							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	21,336,445	16,750,628	N/A							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	18,471,841	16,097,264	N/A							
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentag of its covered-employee payroll		132.55%	107.97%	N/A							
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	tage	79.43%	83.38%	N/A							

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 was the first year of implementation and as such, years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule:

- 1) Benefit changes: In 2015 there were no changes to the benefits.
- 2) Changes in assumptions: In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments to expected retirement ages of general employees.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (CALPERS)
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year									
	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,188,359	1,894,809	N/A							
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,188,359)	(1,894,809)	N/A							
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		N/A							
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,471,841	16,097,264	N/A							
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.847%	11.771%	N/A							

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

N/A - 2014-15 fiscal year was the first year of implementation and as such, years previous to implementation are not presented in this schedule.

Notes to Schedule

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 (the measurement date), the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2013 total pension liability. The June 30, 2013 and the June 30, 2014 total pension liabilities were based on the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 68

Actuarial Assumptions

Discount Rate 7.50% Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

Investment Rate of Return 7.5% Net of Pension Plan Investment and Administrative Expenses; includes inflation

Mortality Rate Table Derived using CalPERS Membership Data for all funds

Post Retirement Increase Contract COLA up to 2.00% until purchasing power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.75% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2014 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

As described in Note A to these financial statements, for purposes of reporting in conformity with GASB Statement No. 54, the District's Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) was included with the General Fund. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule included in the Required Supplementary Information is based on the legally adopted budget for the General Fund only.

General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Ending Fund Balance	\$ 28,140,074
Less Fund 17 Fund Balance	(2,479,572)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Ending Fund Balance	\$ 25,660,502
General Fund - Fund Financial Statements Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 4,274,436
Change in Fund Balance attributed to Fund 17	(14,220)
General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule Change in Fund Balance	\$ 4,260,216

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

As of June 30, 2016, expenditures exceeded appropriations in individual budgeted funds as follows:

Appropriations Category Expenditures Reason for E		Reason for Excess Expenditures	
General Fund: Certificated Salaries \$ Direct Support Costs	363,290 26,616	Unexpected increase in salaries for the year Unexpected increase in costs for the year	

Combining Statements and Budget Comparisons as Supplementary Information
This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS:	_	Special Revenue Funds	_	Debt Service Funds		Capital Projects Funds	(Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-3)
Cash in County Treasury	\$	456,078	\$	13,820,926	\$	1,736,444	\$	16,013,448
Cash on Hand and in Banks	•	15,885	*	-	•	8,690,050	*	8,705,935
Cash with a Fiscal Agent/Trustee		-		-		7,127,237		7,127,237
Accounts Receivable		151,911		-		478,712		630,623
Due from Other Funds		2,259		-		-		2,259
Stores Inventories		43,100		-		-		43,100
Prepaid Expenditures		-		-		343,982		343,982
Total Assets	_	669,233		13,820,926		18,376,425		32,866,584
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	29,027	\$	-	\$	363,542	\$	392,569
Due to Other Funds		239,247		-		1,770		241,017
Unearned Revenue	_	104,223	_	-	_	-	_	104,223
Total Liabilities	_	372,497	_	-	_	365,312	_	737,809
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
Stores Inventories		43,100		-		-		43,100
Prepaid Items		-		-		343,982		343,982
Restricted Fund Balances		128,871		-		18,933		147,804
Assigned Fund Balances Unassigned:		124,765		12,233,710		17,648,198		30,006,673
Unassigned, reported in nonmajor:								
Debt Service Funds		_		1,587,216		_		1,587,216
Total Fund Balance	_	296,736	_	13,820,926	_	18,011,113	_	32,128,775
Total Falla Balario	_	200,700	_	10,020,020	_	10,011,110	_	02,120,770
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$_	669,233	\$_	13,820,926	\$_	18,376,425	\$_	32,866,584

Total

SAN DIEGUITO UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	Special Revenue Funds	_	Debt Service Funds	_	Capital Projects Funds	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit A-5)
Revenues: Federal Revenue	ф	400 100	Φ		Φ		Φ	400 100
	\$	492,122	\$	- 01 000	\$	- 500	\$	492,122
Other State Revenue		134,217		61,223		582		196,022
Other Local Revenue Total Revenues	_	2,271,649		13,249,901	_	9,864,943		25,386,493
rotal Revenues	_	2,897,988	_	13,311,124	_	9,865,525	_	26,074,637
Expenditures:								
Instruction		258,371		-		-		258,371
Instruction - Related Services		275,799		-		-		275,799
Pupil Services		2,568,744		-		-		2,568,744
General Administration		133,692		-		87,351		221,043
Plant Services		-		-		2,227,533		2,227,533
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		7,620,000		288,040		7,908,040
Interest		-		13,025,597		55,942		13,081,539
Total Expenditures	_	3,236,606	_	20,645,597	_	2,658,866		26,541,069
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures	_	(338,618)	_	(7,334,473)	_	7,206,659	_	(466,432)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		-		5,735,524		-		5,735,524
Transfers Out		-		-		(5,735,524)		(5,735,524)
Other Sources		-		11,733		765,575		777,308
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	_	-	_	5,747,257	_	(4,969,949)		777,308
Net Change in Fund Balance		(338,618)		(1,587,216)		2,236,710		310,876
Fund Balance, July 1		635,354	_	15,408,142	_	15,774,403		31,817,899
Fund Balance, June 30	\$_	296,736	\$_	13,820,926	\$_	18,011,113	\$_	32,128,775

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund		
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Accounts Receivable Due from Other Funds Stores Inventories Total Assets	\$ 24,302 28 88,754 - - 113,084	\$ 307,190 15,857 62,978 2,259 43,100 431,384		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 6,795 106,289 - 113,084	\$ 22,232 132,958 104,223 259,413		
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Stores Inventories Restricted Fund Balances Assigned Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	- - - -	43,100 128,871 - 171,971		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$113,084	\$431,384		

	Deferred aintenance Fund		Pupil Insportation Equipment	Fi Fi	Total Ionmajor Special Revenue unds (See khibit C-1)
\$	3,174	\$	121,412	\$	456,078
•	-	•	-	•	15,885
	5		174		151,911
	-		-		2,259
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		43,100
	3,179		121,586		669,233
\$ 	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	29,027 239,247 104,223 372,497
	-		-		43,100
	- 0.470		-		128,871
	3,179		121,586		124,765
	3,179		121,586		296,736
\$	3,179	\$	121,586	\$	669,233

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Revenues: Federal Revenue	\$ 114,928	\$ 377,194
Other State Revenue	104,263	ψ 377,15 4 29.954
Other Local Revenue	333,591	1,937,342
Total Revenues	552,782	2,344,490
Expenditures:		
Instruction	258,371	-
Instruction - Related Services	275,799	-
Pupil Services	-	2,568,744
General Administration	18,612	115,080
Total Expenditures	552,782	2,683,824
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	<u> </u>	(339,334)
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	(339,334)
Fund Balance, July 1	-	511,305
Fund Balance, June 30	\$	\$ 171,971

		Total
		Nonmajor
		Special
Deferred	Pupil	Revenue
Maintenance	Transportation	Funds (See
Fund	Equipment	Exhibit C-2)
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 492,122
-	- -	134,217
18	698	2,271,649
18	698	2,897,988
-	-	258,371
-	-	275,799
-	-	2,568,744
	<u> </u>	133,692
		3,236,606
18	698	(338,618)
18	698	(338,618)
. 5	333	(233,313)
3,161	120,888	635,354
\$ 3,179	\$ 121,586	\$ 296,736

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS:	Bon Intere & Reden	est	Blended Component Unit	_	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
Cash in County Treasury	\$ 13.82	20,926 \$	_	\$	13,820,926
Total Assets	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10,926		- Ψ_	13,820,926
Total Assets		.0,920	<u> </u>	=	13,020,320
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Total Liabilities			-	· _	-
Fund Balance:					
Assigned Fund Balances Unassigned: Unassigned, reported in nonmajor:	\$ 12,23	3,710 \$	-	\$	12,233,710
Debt Service Funds	1.58	37,216	_		1,587,216
Total Fund Balance		20,926	-	_	13,820,926
Total Faria Balanco				_	.0,020,020
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 13,82	20,926 \$	-	\$	13,820,926
				_	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016	Bond Interest & Redemption	Blended Component Unit	Total Nonmajor Debt Service Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
Revenues: Other State Revenue	\$ 61,223	\$ -	\$ 61,223
Other Local Revenue	13,249,901	Φ -	13,249,901
Total Revenues	13,311,124		13,311,124
Expenditures: Debt Service: Principal Interest Total Expenditures	5,535,000 9,375,073 14,910,073	2,085,000 3,650,524 5,735,524	7,620,000 13,025,597 20,645,597
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,598,949)	(5,735,524)	(7,334,473)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers In	-	5,735,524	5,735,524
Other Sources	11,733		11,733
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	11,733	5,735,524	5,747,257
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,587,216)	-	(1,587,216)
Fund Balance, July 1	15,408,142	-	15,408,142
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 13,820,926	\$	\$ 13,820,926

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	
ASSETS: Cash in County Treasury Cash on Hand and in Banks Cash with a Fiscal Agent/Trustee Accounts Receivable Prepaid Expenditures Total Assets	\$ 1,690,435 - - 386,066 343,982 2,420,483	\$ 18,901 - - 32 - 18,933	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE: Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Total Liabilities	\$ 38,618 1,770 40,388	\$ - - - -	
Fund Balance: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balances Assigned Fund Balances Total Fund Balance	343,982 - 2,036,113 2,380,095	- 18,933 - 18,933	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$2,420,483_	\$18,933	

Special Reserve Capital Outlay Fund	e for Capital Projects Fund For Blended Component Units	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-1)
\$ 27,108 - - 39 - 27,147	\$ - 8,690,050 7,127,237 92,575 - 15,909,862	\$ 1,736,444 8,690,050 7,127,237 478,712 343,982 18,376,425
\$ - - -	\$ 324,924 - 324,924	\$ 363,542 1,770 365,312
- 27,147 27,147	- - 15,584,938 15,584,938	343,982 18,933 17,648,198 18,011,113
\$ 27,147	\$15,909,862_	\$18,376,425_

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund
Revenues:		
Other State Revenue	\$ 582	\$ -
Other Local Revenue	1,237,543	1,254
Total Revenues	1,238,125	1,254
Expenditures:		
General Administration	87,351	-
Plant Services	776,780	1,020,880
Debt Service:		
Principal	288,040	-
Interest	55,942	-
Total Expenditures	1,208,113	1,020,880
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
Over (Under) Expenditures	30,012	(1,019,626)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):		
Transfers Out	-	-
Other Sources	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balance	30,012	(1,019,626)
Fund Balance, July 1	2,350,083	1,038,559
Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 2,380,095	\$ 18,933

Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Fund	Capital Projects Fund For Blended Component Units	Total Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
\$ - 156 156	\$ - 8,625,990 8,625,990	\$ 582 9,864,943 9,865,525
-	- 429,873	87,351 2,227,533
- - -	- - 429,873	288,040 55,942 2,658,866
156_	8,196,117	7,206,659
- - -	(5,735,524) 765,575 (4,969,949)	(5,735,524) 765,575 (4,969,949)
156	3,226,168	2,236,710
\$	12,358,770 \$15,584,938	15,774,403 \$18,011,113

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.



LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

The San Dieguito Union School District was established in 1936 and is comprised of an area of approximately 85 square miles in San Diego County. There were no changes in the boundaries of the district during the current fiscal year. The district is currently operating five comprehensive middle schools for grades seven through eight, four comprehensive high schools for grades nine through twelve, and one continuation high school. The district also operates an adult education program.

	Governing Board	
Name	Office	Term and Term Expiration
Beth Hergesheimer	President	Four Year Term Expires December 2016
Joyce Dalessandro	Vice President	Four Year Term Expires December 2016
Amy Herman	Clerk	Four Year Term Expires December 2018
John Salazar	Trustee	Four Year Term Expires December 2018
Maureen "Mo" Muir	Trustee	Four Year Term Expires December 2018
	Administration	
	Rick Schmitt Superintendent	
	Eric R. Dill Associate Superintendent Business Services	
	Michael Grove, Ed. D. Associate Superintendent Educational Services	
	Mark Miller Associate Superintendent Administrative Services	
	Torrie Norton Associate Superintendent	

Human Resources

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Second Period	od Report	Annual F	Report
	Original	Revised	Original	Revised
Grades 7 and 8:				
Regular ADA	3,839.57	N/A	3,837.24	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	3.77	N/A	3.77	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	13.42	N/A	13.07	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	2.00	N/A	2.00	N/A
Grades 7 and 8 Totals	3,858.76	N/A	3,856.08	N/A
Grades 9-12:				
Regular ADA	8,308.53	N/A	8,253.38	N/A
Extended Year Special Education	8.02	N/A	8.02	N/A
Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	29.67	N/A	27.93	N/A
Extended Year - Nonpublic	5.78	N/A	5.78	N/A
Grades 9-12 Totals	8,352.00	N/A	8,295.11	N/A
ADA Totals	12,210.76	N/A	12,151.19	N/A

N/A - There were no audit findings which resulted in necessary revisions to attendance.

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the district or charter school. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts and charter schools. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Grade Level	Ed. Code 46207 Minutes Requirement	2015-16 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
Grade 7	54,000	60,020	180	-	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	60,020	180	-	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,082	180	-	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,082	180	-	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,082	180	-	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,082	180	-	Complied

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District met or exceeded its target funding.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Budget 2017					
General Fund	_	(See Note 1)		2016		2015	2014
Revenues and other financial sources	\$_	128,956,796	\$	128,005,715	\$	115,167,696 \$	112,931,797
Expenditures, other uses and transfers out	_	135,641,077		123,745,499		113,371,198	107,525,778
Change in fund balance (deficit)	_	(6,684,281)		4,260,216		1,796,498	5,406,019
Ending fund balance	\$	18,976,221	\$	25,660,502	\$	21,400,286_\$	19,603,788
Available reserves (See Note 2)	\$	16,930,517	\$	23,190,296	\$	19,723,539 \$	16,691,747
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo (See Note 3)	_	12.5%	_	18.7%	_	17.9%	15.5%
Total long-term debt (See Note 5)	\$_	465,130,201	\$	476,207,572	\$	471,221,300 \$	269,064,042
Average daily attendance at P-2	_	12,459	_	12,211	_	12,119	12,034

This schedule discloses the district's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the district's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

The general fund balance has increased by \$11,462,732 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2016-17 budget projects a decrease of \$6,684,281. For a district of this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

Total long-term debt has increased by \$203,121,693 over the past three years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 379 over the past three years.

Notes:

- 1 Budget 2017 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.
- 2 Available reserves consist of all assigned fund balances, unassigned fund balances, and all funds reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.
- 3 GASB Statement No. 54 requires the inclusion of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17) with the General Fund for reporting purposes only. This schedule has been prepared without the inclusion of Fund 17.
- 4 On behalf payments of \$4,026,833, \$3,063,998, and \$2,940,777, have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014.
- 5 As a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, long term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2015 include net pension liabilities which were not previously accounted for. As such, total long term debt for the years ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2016 are not comparable to previous years represented in this table.

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	_	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay (Fund 17)
June 30, 2016, annual financial and budget report fund balances	\$	25,660,502	\$_	2,479,572
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increasing (decreasing) the fund balance:				
Inclusion for reporting purpuses under GASB 54	_	2,479,572	_	(2,479,572)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	_	2,479,572	_	(2,479,572)
June 30, 2016, audited financial statement fund balances	\$	28,140,074	\$ _	<u>-</u>
		Schedule of Long-Term Debt		
June 30, 2016 annual financial and budget report total liabilities	\$	526,426,923		
Adjustments and reclassifications:				
Increase (decrease) in total liabilities:				
Net pension liability overstatement		(50,219,351)		
Net adjustments and reclassifications		(50,219,351)		
June 30, 2016 audited financial statement total liabilities	\$	476,207,572		

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements. Funds that required no adjustment are not presented.

TABLE D-5

SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

No charter schools are chartered by San Dieguito Union High School District.

Charter Schools Included In Audit?

None N/A

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER: U. S. Department of Agriculture	
Passed Through State Department of Education:	
, ,	309
School Breakfast Program 10.553 13526 - 9,	237
National School Lunch Section 4 10.555 13391 - 49,	571
Commodities 10.555 13396 - 102,	971
National School Lunch Section 11 10.555 13396 - 227,i	236
Total Passed Through State Department of Education - 487,	324
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture - 487,	324
Total Child Nutrition Cluster - 487,	324
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:	
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: Special Education Private Schools Special Education Early Intervention Special Education Special Education Special Education Special Education Special Education Mental Health Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster Security Special Education Special Education (IDEA) Cluster Special Education Special Education	170 883 814 936 936
OTHER PROGRAMS:	
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: Adult Education 84.002 13977 - 114,9	929
Title I Part A 84.010 14109 - 1,013,4	973
Vocational Education 84.048 13924 - 136,	263
Workability 84.158 10006 - 193,	963
Advanced Placement Testing 84.330 14363 - 20,4	336
Title III Limited English Proficiency 84.365 10084 - 29,	484
	302
Title II Teacher Quality 84.367 14341 - 189,	699
	120
Total Passed Through State Department of Education - 1,714,	
Total U. S. Department of Education - 1,714,	069
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS \$ \$ 4,363,	329

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of San Dieguito Union High School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2CFR 200.502 Basis for Determining Federal Awards Expended and 2CFR 200.510(b) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the general purpose financial statements.

Indirect Cost Rate

Indirect costs were calculated in accordance with 2 CFR §200.412 Direct and Indirect Costs. The District used an indirect cost rate of 4.48% based on the rate approved by the California Department of Education for each program which did not have a pre-defined allowable indirect cost rate. The District did not elect to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as covered in 2 CFR §200.414 Indirect Costs. The following programs are restricted to a lower indirect cost rate and therefore the District used the lower indirect cost rate for these programs:

		Allowable Indirect
Program	CFDA#	Cost Rate
Title III LEP	84.365	1.85%

Schoolwide Program

The District operates a "schoolwide program" at various sites. Using federal funding, schoolwide programs are designed to upgrade an entire educational program within a school for all students, rather than limiting services to certain targeted students. The following federal program amounts were expended by the District in it's schoolwide program:

Program	CFDA #	Amount Expended
Title I-Part A	84.010	\$754,892







Aubrey W. King, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of San Dieguito Union High School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise San Dieguito Union High School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2016-001, that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the San Dieguito Union High School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

San Dieguito Union High School District's Response to Findings

San Dieguito Union High School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. San Dieguito Union High School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California December 9, 2016

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP

P. Robert Wilkinson, CPA Brian K. Hadley, CPA



Aubrey W. King, CPA Kevin A. Sproul, CPA

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of San Dieguito Union High School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the San Dieguito Union High School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the San Dieguito Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the San Dieguito Union High School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the San Dieguito Union High School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

El Cajon, California December 9, 2016

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP







Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Board of Trustees San Dieguito Union High School District Encinitas, California

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on State Compliance

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's state programs identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

Management's Responsibility for State Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each applicable program as identified in the State's audit guide, 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the State's audit guide, 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810. Those standards and audit guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

Compliance Requirements	Procedures in Audit Guide Performed?
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Attendance Accounting:	
Attendance Reporting	. Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	
Kindergarten Continuance	N/A
Independent Study	N/A
Continuation Education	Yes

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Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	N/A
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF	
EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After School Education and Safety Program:	
After School	N/A
Before School	N/A
General Requirements	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A
	Yes
Immunizations	res
CHARTER SCHOOLS:	
	NI/A
Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

The term "N/A" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, San Dieguito Union High School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the statutory requirements listed in the schedule above for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion of the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance outside of the items tested as noted above. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, Section 19810 in considering the entity's compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wilkinson Hadley King & Co., LLP

El Cajon, California December 9, 2016



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1.	Financial Statements					
	Type of auditor's report issued:		<u>Unm</u>	<u>odified</u>		
	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	X	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w		X	Yes		None Reported
	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?			Yes	_X_	No
2.	Federal Awards					
	Internal control over major programs:					
	One or more material weaknesses	identified?		Yes	_X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w			Yes	_X_	None Reported
	Type of auditor's report issued on comp for major programs:			<u>odified</u>		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?			Yes	_X_	No
	Identification of major programs:					
	CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Pi	rogram	or Cluster		
	84.010	Title I, Part A				
	84.367	Title II Cluster				
	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	ween	<u>\$750</u>) <u>,000</u>		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_	Yes		No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

^	C+-+-	A
3.	Siale	Awards

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	Yes	YesX_		
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified			

B. Financial Statement Findings

Finding 2016-001 (30000) Student Body Funds

Criteria or Specific Requirement

Determine if internal controls are in place over the student body funds that will ensure all student body receipts collected are properly documented and deposited timely as a procedure to safeguard assets of the student body accounts.

Condition

In our review of the receipts and deposits at Pacific Trails Middle School, we noted five out of six deposits had inadequate support for the cash collected as no cash transmittal forms or other support for the deposits were available. The point of sale system is not being utilized properly and effectively for the collection and documentation of individual sales and fundraiser receipts. Also sales of merchandise do not have proper support documentation such as cash transmittal forms.

Questioned Costs

None

Context

In order to detect errors and deter fraud, internal controls must be established over the deposits of student body funds.

Effect

The student body deposits and funds at Pacific Trails Middle School are exposed to significant risk of error and fraud as the proper internal controls are not in place to detect errors and deter fraud.

Cause

The new school site opened in the current year and it appears that insufficent training and understanding of the point of sale system and required internal controls over deposits was evident.

Recommendation

Provide inservice training on the point of sale system to the individuals involved in daily student body account operations, including clerks and advisors. Ensure all individual student sales are processed and receipted through the point of sale system and establish procedures to utilize a proper cash transmittal form for all other group fundraiser and event sales. All other outside fundraiser and event sales should have proper support in the form of a cash transmittal completed and signed by the individual collecting the funds with an additional verification signature by the individual receiving the funds for subsequent deposit. All outside fundraiser and event sales should also be posted to the point of sale system upon receipt.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

LEA's Response

The District regularly meets with the ASB Finance Secretaries in addition to frequent e-mail contact with tips and suggestions for best Student Body practices. Past meetings have discussed proper authorization for payment as well as appropriate cash handling procedures, including chain of custody and cash transmittal signatures. The District will continue to monitor activities and procedures with site visits and regular audits from the internal business staff. In addition, transactions are regularly reviewed by finance department staff, utilizing the district wide software. Pacific Trails Middle School is entering their second school year, adding more students as well as staff. The ASB Finance duties will transition to new staff. The District will provide additional training and site visits as well as several staff from Pacific Trails Middle School will attend the CASBO ASB training in the 2016/17 year.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

D. State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
Finding 2015-001 Attendance		
Teachers at Canyon Crest Academy were not verifying attendance on a timely basis for month seven. Several teachers were listed on the daily missing attendance recap sheets and manual rosters were attached as verification of daily attendance; however, these rosters were not being printed and verified on a timely basis.		
Implement procedures to ensure that daily period attendance not entered electronically daily by individual teachers has signed and dated manual class rosters that are approved timely and within one week after the end of the attendance period.	Implemented	

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

001

2016

Fiscal	Finding		
Year	Number	Finding and Corrective Action Plan	

Finding: Insufficient internal controls over the supporting documentation required for the receipts and deposits of the Pacific Trails Middle School student body fund and the point of sale system is not being utilized properly and effectively for the documentation of individual sales and

fundraiser revenues.

Questioned

Costs: None

Status: Complete

Corrective

Action: Inservice training in the point of sale system was provided

to the student body clerk to ensure that individual sales and receipts will be recorded properly in the software. In addition, cash transmittal forms have been implemented to ensure that receipts and deposits are properly documented

in future periods.

Completion

Date: September 2, 2016